ORDER NO. KM79408040C0 H19 7√37 ■

Service Manual

Panaboard Electronic Print Board

KX-B620

KX-B620A

KX-B620C

KX-B620G

KX-B620H

KX-B620T

KX-B620U

KX-B520

KX-B520A

KX-B520C

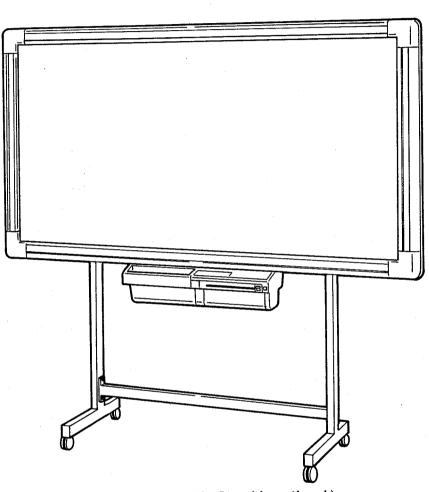
KX-B520G

KX-B520H

KX-B520S

KX-B520T

KX-B520U



(This picture is KX-B620. Stand is optional.)

Panasonic

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⚠ WARNING

This service information is designed for experienced repair technicians only and is not designed for use by the general public. It does not contain warnings or cautions to advise non-technical individuals of potential dangers in attempting to service a product. Products powered by electricity should be serviced or repaired only by experienced professional technicians. Any attempt to service or repair the product or products dealt with in this service information by anyone else could result in serious injury or death.

Please use this manual for KX-B620 Series (all models) and KX-B520 Series with "a" mark on the nameplate (see below):

NAMEPLATE

Panasonic

ELECTRONIC PRINT BOARD MODEL NO. KX-B520

POWER SOURCE:

Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.

Panasonic

ELECTRONIC PRINT BOARD MODEL NO. KX-B620

POWER SOURCE:

Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.
Made in Japan

CONTENTS

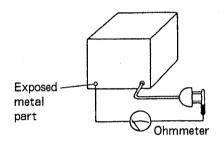
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1. SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- 1) Before servicing, unplug the power cord to prevent an electric shock.
- 2) When replacing parts, use only manufacturer's recommended components for safety.
- 3) Check the condition of the power cord. Replace it if wear or damage is evident.
- 4) After servicing, be sure to restore the lead dress, insulation barriers, insulation papers, shields, etc.
- 5) Before returning the serviced equipment to the customer, make the following insulation resistance test to prevent a shock hazard.

2. INSULATION RESISTANCE TEST

- 1) Unplug the power cord and check for continuity between earth ground on the plug and the metal cabinet part.
- 2) With the unit unplugged, short the two prongs of the plug with a jumper wire.
- 3) Turn on the power switch.
- 4) Measure the resistance value with an ohmmeter between the jumpered AC plug and each exposed metal cabinet part, such as screwheads, etc.
 - Note: Some exposed parts may be isolated from the chassis by design. These will read infinity.
- 5) If the measurement is outside the specified limits(approx. $1M\Omega$), there is a possibility of a shock hazard.



Resistance = Approx. 1M Ω

3. FOR SERVICE TECHNICIANS

ICs and LSIs are vulnerable to static electricity.

When repairing, the following precautions will help to prevent recurring malfunctions.

- 1) Cover the plastic parts with aluminum foil.
- 2) Ground the soldering irons.
- 3) Use a conductive mat on the work-table.
- 4) Do not grasp IC or LSI pins with bare fingers.

4. SPECIFICATIONS

11. Copy Area K 12. No. of Screens 2 13. Screen Scroll S 14. Reading System 5 15. External Dimensions	hermal Head, Heat Sensitive, Ro 70×210 mm (A4 70×170 mm pproximately 8 lack pproximately 18 utomatic Dische X-B620 Series: § X-B520 Series: § X-B520 Series: § Screens, Endles ingle Direction, CD Sensor, Flat (X-B620 Series: §	dots/mm Seconds arge 912×1,762 mm 912×1,400 mm 842×1,660 mm 842×1,330 mm 8 Roll Single-screen 1,912(W)×165	[35.9×69.4 in] [35.9×55.1 in] [33.1×65.4 in] [33.1×52.4 in] Forward (D)×1,232(H)mm[75.	
16. Weight ······K	(X-B620 Series:	27kg [60 lb] (w	ithout optional stand (without optional st	i)
17 Model No ······K	X-B620/620A/	/620C/620G/	620H/620T/620U 520H/520S/520T/52	20U a
	KX-B620T KX-B520T	KX-B620/C KX-B520/C	KX-B620G/H KX-B520G/H/S	KX-B620U/A KX-B520U/A
18. Power Source	AC 110V 60 Hz	AC 120V 60 Hz	AC 220-230V 50/60 Hz	AC 230-240V 50 Hz
19. Power Consumption(During operation at Normal Load)	1.3A	1.3A	0.7A	0.6A
		10℃ to 35℃		•
20. Environmental Conditions	Humidity	30 to 85%RH		
21. Accessories······C	Copy Paper Eraser Markers	1 roll 1 pc. 1 Black 1 Red		
22. Assembly Parts ······		1 Blue Fixture 1 1	for Fixing for Adjustment	
F S S S	Frame Cover B Frame Cover C Bracket Frame F Bcrew (M3) Bcrew (M4 Shor Bcrew (M4 Shor Bcrew (M4 Long Bcrew (M6)	t) 5 t) 2 t) 2	for Frame Cover C for Bracket Fixture for attachment of I for Wall-mounting f	

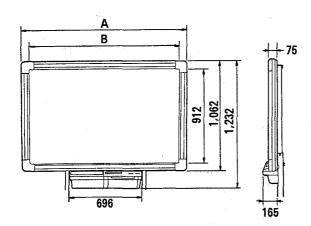
* This screws are not provided with U.S.A. model.

Features

- Any information written on the film screen can be copied on A4 or letter size paper.
- Efficiency will greatly increase during conferences, with little need to take notes.
- Charts, graphs or other materials can be copied on A4 or letter size paper.
- The copies have a binding margin, convenient for filing.

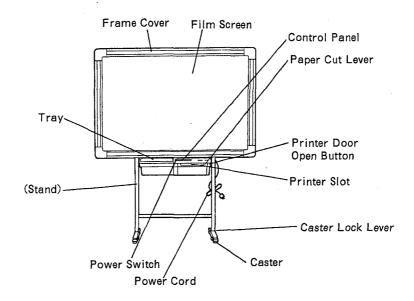
Design and Specifications are subject to change without prior notice.

5. EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS



	KX-B620 Series	KX-B520 Series
Length A	1,912	1,550
Length B	1,762	1,400

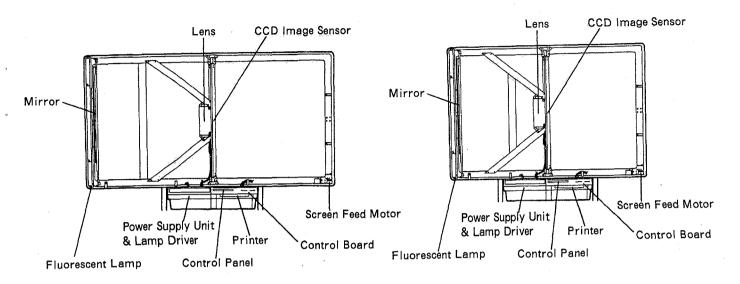
6. EXTERNAL PARTS (With optional stand)



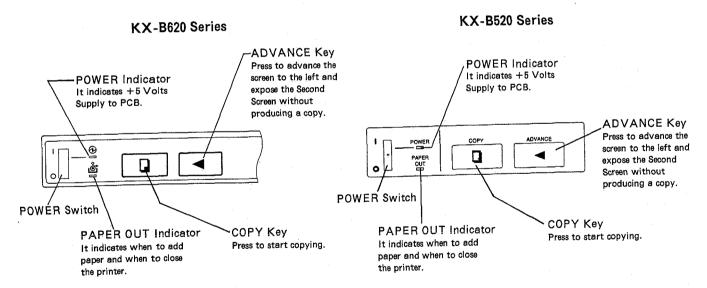
7. COMPONENT LOCATION

KX-B620 Series

KX-B520 Series



8. OPERATOR CONTROLS / INDICATORS



9. UNPACKING/INSTALLATION

Installation Requirements

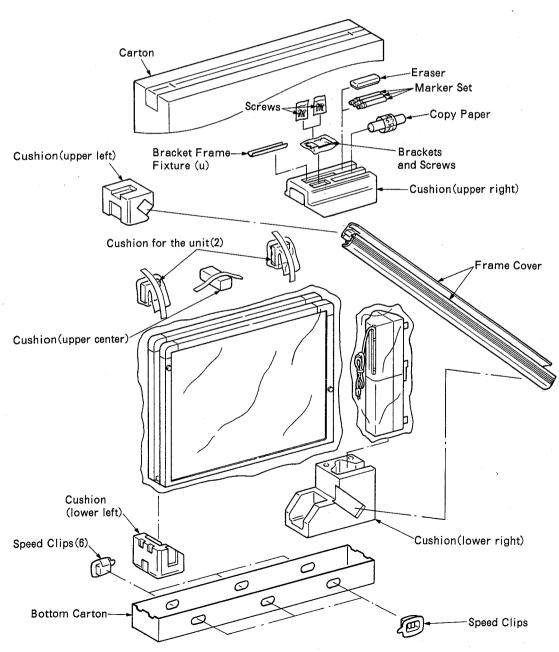
The Panaboard is a precision designed machine, which somewhat depends on the surrounding conditions for optimum operation.

Attention to the following, will result in more reliability and quality performance.

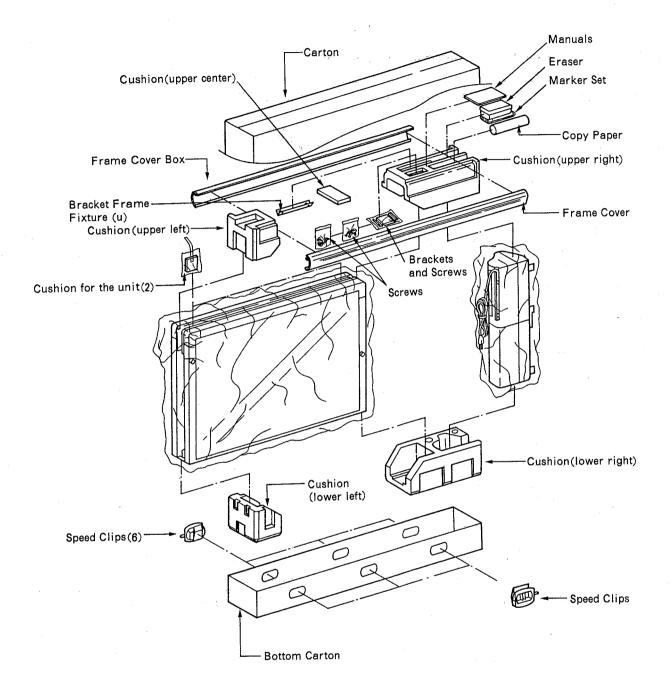
- 1. The Panaboard should not be installed in areas with the following conditions:
 - (1) High temperature and high humidity or low temperature and low humidity
 - (2) Direct exposure to sunlight
 - (3) Direct in air conditioning flow, or close to heater ducts
 - (4) Uneven floor
- 2. The Panaboard weights 35 kg (KX-B520 Series: 32 kg), it should be installed on sturdy flat surface.

UNPACKING





KX-B520 Series



INSTALLATION

The packing box includes the parts noted below; please confirm that all parts are present before beginning work.

• Accessories for Assembling the Electronic Print Board:

Illustration/Q'ty	Order of Use (Step)	Illustration/Q'ty	Order of Use (Step)
×1 [Bracket Frame Fixture(u)]	7	[M4×20 mm(1 ³ /8')]	15
×7 [M4×12 mm(¹⁵ / _{32*})]	⑦ ⓑ	X 1 Mounting holes [Frame Cover C]	6
[Frame Cover B] × 1	(3)	×2 [M3×8 mm(5/16r)]	①

Installation / Assembly

Note: ① Assemble Print Board on a flat surface.

② Failure to remove the joint Bracket (with Red Tag) before opening Print Board could result in Hinge damage.

Assembling of the Print Board is as follows:

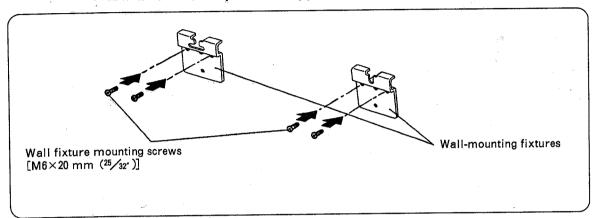
	Applicable Steps																
Wall / Floor mounted Type	1	2	3	4	⑤	6	Ø	8	9	10	1	12	13	14)	15	16	1
Wall mounted Type Installation	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0
Floor mounted Type Installation (One Person Installation)		0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

1 Preparation-1 (Wall mounted Type)

Ensure there is a Power Receptacle with in the mounting position of Electronic Print Board.

First confirm that the wall strength is fully sufficient to support the electronic print board.

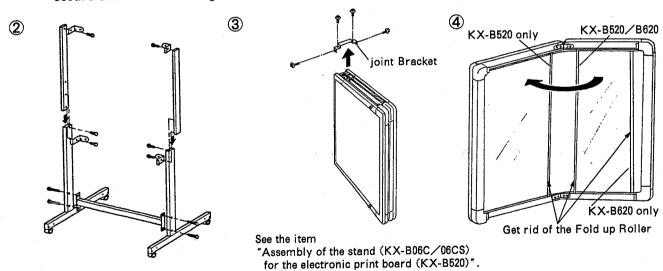
CAUTION: The wall must be capable of supporting at least 87 kg (about 192 lb) for KX-B620 The wall must be capable of supporting at least 82 kg (about 181 lb) for KX-B520



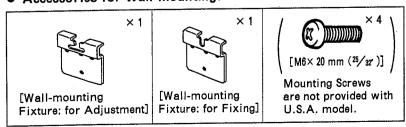
- The wall mounting fixtures can be mounted at one of three intervals: 75 cm $(2'5^{17}/_{32''})$, 100 cm $(3'3^3/_{8''})$, 122 cm $(4'1/_{32''})$.
- Be sure the two wall fixtures are level with each other.
- Please use the proper type screw to secure the wall fixtures for the various wall materials.

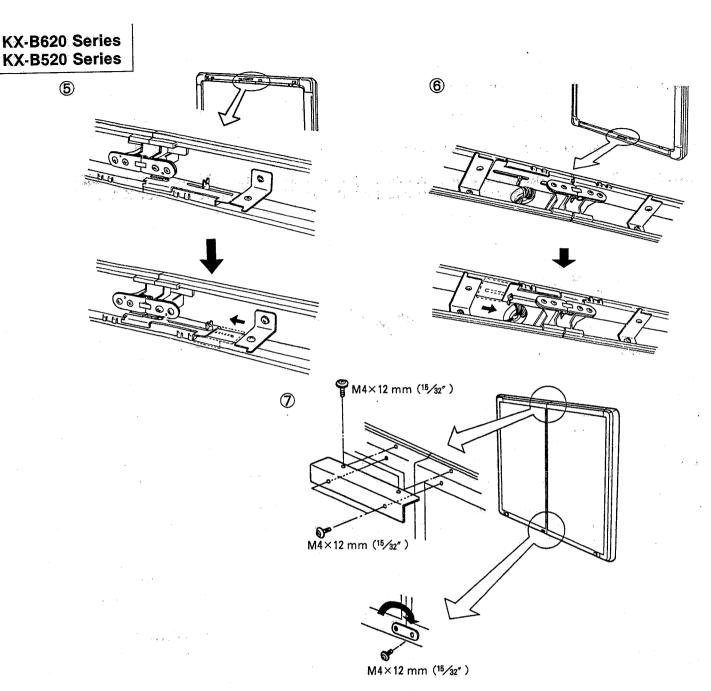
 Only U.S.A.

The four screws (installation above) used to secure the wall-mounting fixtures are not provided. Proper mounting screw (E.G. MOLLY BOLTS) should obtained to properly secure the Wall-mounting fixtures.

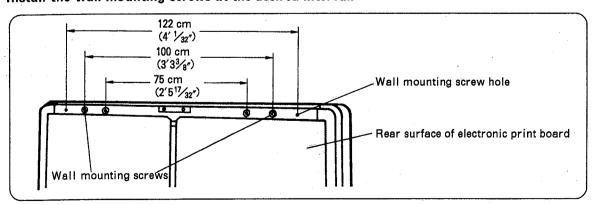


• Accessories for Wall-mounting:



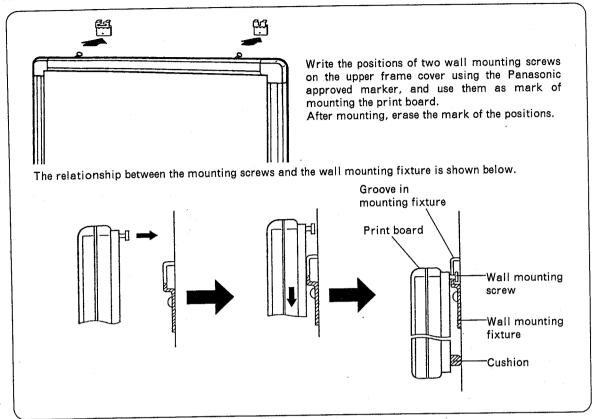


8 Install the wall mounting screws at the desired interval.



- The mounting screws may be installed at one of three intervals: 75 cm $(2'5^{17}/32'')$, 100 cm $(3'3^{3}/8'')$, 122 cm (4'1/32''). Be sure to install the screws at the same mounting interval selected in part①.
- The wall mounting screws have been factory installed at the 100 cm (3'33/8") position.
- Tighten the mounting screws securely. Even if the factory-installed mounting interval is selected, be sure to retighten the screws before use.

Mount the electronic print board on the wall mounting fixtures.



 When mounting the electronic print board, avoid banging it against the wall or otherwise causing impacts.

Impacts may cause damage to the internal fluorescent lamp or other parts.

• Set so that the cushion on the rear side of the board contacts the wall in a flat position.

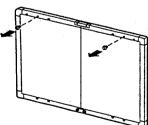
■NOTE: After mounting the electronic print board, check the following points:

 Pull the electronic print board forward slightly and confirm that the mounting screws are hooked firmly inside the mounting fixtures.

 Place weight gently on the electronic print board and confirm that the wall is strong enough to support the electronic print board.

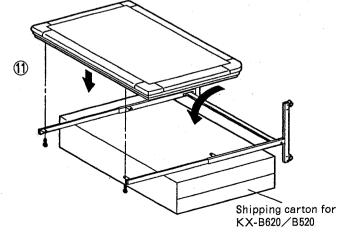
*To allow the electronic print board to be used in a stand setting, use of the optional stand

(KX-B06C \angle 06CS) is recommended.

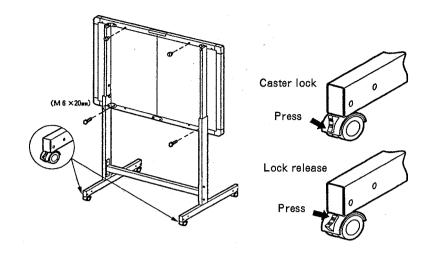


(10)

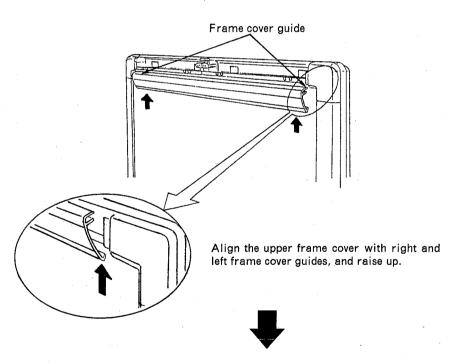
Remove the two screws, then use them for safe keeping in step ⁽³⁾.



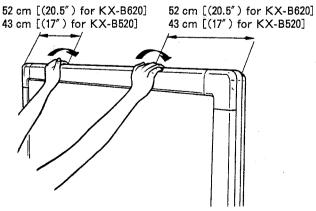
12

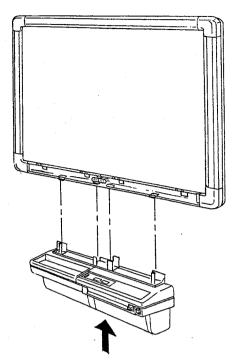


13



Place your hands at points about 52 cm [(20.5") for KX-B620] or 43 cm [(17") for KX-B520] from the right and left ends, and raise the upper cover, pressing in the direction of the arrows until the cover clicks into place.

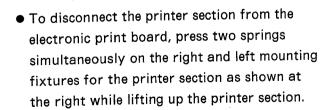


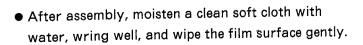


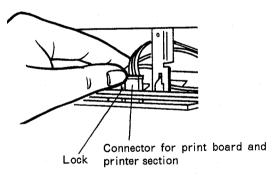
Lift up the printer section and press into the board until it clicks into place.

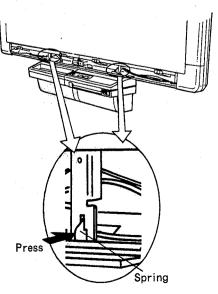
- To disassemble the electronic print board:

 Reverse the previous steps (from step 12 to step 1).
 - To disconnect the connector from the electronic print board, grasp the lock of the connector as shown at the right, then pull out.

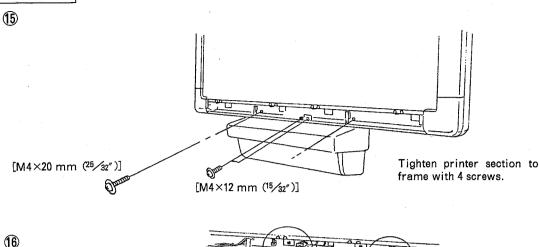


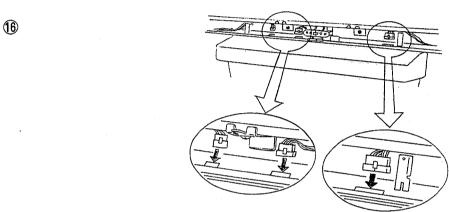




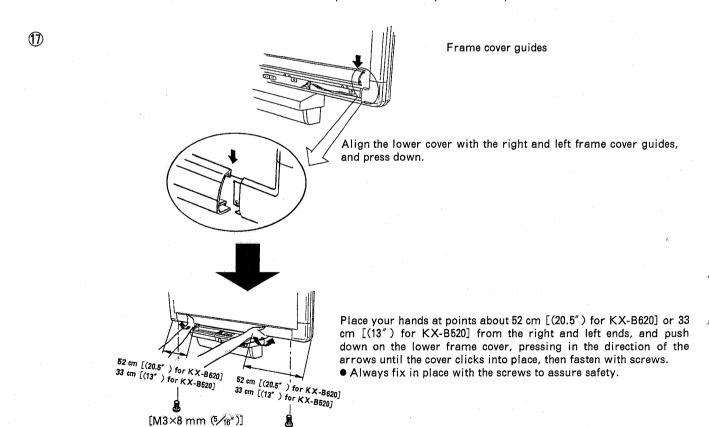


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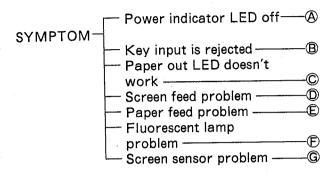




Connect the connectors from the print board securely to their receptacles.



10. TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE 10-1, FAULTY FUNCTION



Check from the first symptom in alphabetical order.

- Power indicator LED off **(A)** Check +5V power source first. It will indicate whether the trouble is in the MAIN unit or another area.
- Key input is rejected. In this case also, check +5V power source first. Next the control and operation boards must be checked.
- Paper out LED doesn't work. If power indicator is on and then paper is out, this LED must be on. If not, the control board must be checked. One of check points is the power source for IC106.
- Screen feed problem (D) Mechanical problem must be checked first. Is the installed condition of the motor and gear correct? Next check the inputs and the outputs of motor driver IC104.
- Paper feed problem Œ) Same as

 except motor driver IC105.
- Fluorescent lamp problem (F) Input signals LAMPON, LAMPPRE of IC106 and +5V power source must be checked. If it's OK, LAMP DRIVE CIRCUIT is perhaps damaged.

Screen sensor problem First check the screen condition. If it is loose, the screen sensor sometimes can't sense the screen home position. If the screen is scrolling without stopping, check the position of tension spring screws located the left side of the panel. Next check the screen home position sensor board.

Power indicator LED off **(A)** → Check Check +5V MAIN power unit. source. Check the → Replace it. operation panel and cable.

Key input is rejected.

→ Check Check +5V MAIN power unit. source. → Check the Check the operation input from panel and this key to CPU. cable. Check the → Replace IC101. reset signal. Is it "H"? Check the → Replace IC103. clock pin 40 of CPU. → Replace Check the IC103. INT signal pin 2 of IC102.

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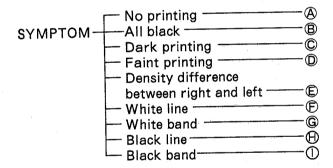
© Paper out LED doesn't work. (E) Paper feed problem → Check the → Replace Check the Check the → reassemble input pin 30 micro the micro mechanical of CPU. switch switch. condition. (IC102) installed It is "H" condition. when paper Check the → Replace is out. input pins 1, IC102. 5,8,12 of IC105. → Replace Check the **ENDLED** IC102. signal pin 3 Check the → Check → Replace of IC106. +24V power ZD102. them. Is it "L"? source pins ZD103. 3, 10 of IC105. Check the → Replace output pin 4 IC106. of IC106. Check the → Replace Is it "L"? IC105. output pins 2,4,9,11 of Check the operation panel and cable. IC105. Replace the motor. **(** Screen feed problem Check the → reassemble \bigcirc Fluorescent lamp problem mechanical condition. Check the → Replace input pins 5, IC102. 9 of IC106. → Replace Check the input pins 1, IC102. 5, 8, 12 of Check the → Check the IC104. +24V power MAIN source. unit. Check the → Replace it. +24Vcable. Check the → Replace output pins IC106. 6, 8 of IC106. Check the → Check → Replace +24Vpower ZD100. them. source pins 3, ZD101. Check the LAMP DRIVE CIRCUIT. 10 of IC104. Replace the LAMP. Check the → Replace output pins IC104. 2, 4, 9, 11 of IC104. Replace the motor.

Screen sensor problem (G) → Replace → Adjust the Check the the mechanical tension of the screen. screen. condition. → Replace Check the sensor screen IC400. home position sensor. → Replace Check the IC102. input pin 27 of IC102, at home position.

10-2. FAULTY COPY

It must be

below +2V.



First check the mechanical condition.

Next the thermal head signals and power sources must be checked, it will indicate whether the thermal head is faulty or not. If all the above checks are good, the thermal head is faulty.

If not, check the CCD board and control board.

- No printing
 The thermal head signals must be
 checked.
 If they are proper, the thermal head is
 faulty.
- All black It is very rare that the thermal head is faulty. Perhaps the CCD board or the control board is bad.

- © Dark printing Check the following.
 - Faulty optical axis
 - Lack of light of the fluorescent lamp
 - Faulty CCD board
 - Faulty control board
 - Faulty mechanical condition of the screen
 - If a chart is attached, attach it again properly.
- Faint PrintingCheck the following.
 - Poor contact between the thermal head and the platen
 - Dirty surface on blank area of the screen
 - Dirty surface of the mirror
 - Dirty surface of the lens
 - Dirty surface of the CCD
 - Dirty surface of the thermal head
 - Faulty optical adjustment
 - Faulty CCD board
 - Faulty control board
- Density difference between right and left
 - Poor contact between the thermal head and the platen
 - Faulty optical adjustment
- (F) White line
 - Faulty thermal head
 - Dirty surface of the mirror
 - Dirty surface of the lens
 - Dirty surface of the CCD
 - Dirty surface on blank area of the screen
- White band
 - Strobe pulses must be checked first.
 - Faulty thermal head
- Black line
 - Dirty surface of the mirror
 - Faulty optical adjustment
- (I) Black band
 - Faulty optical adjustment
 - Faulty thermal head

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(C) Dark printing No printing **(A)** → Close the Check the →Adjust. Check the optical axis printer mechanical adjustment. correctly. condition of the printer. Check the →Replace. screen Check the tension. → Check the +24V CN17 pin cable. → Replace. Check the 1 - 4. fluorescent → Check the →Replace lamp. Check the + 12V IC201. video signal Check the CCD board. TP2 in the power source and CCD board. Check the control board. clock signals to CCD IC201. Faint printing Check the analog circuit in the control Check the → Close the board (IC109 pin 15). printer printer →Check →Replace. mechanical correctly. Check the condition. IC103. HDATA IC109. LATCH Check the → Clean this CLKHD white blank area area. signals in of the screen. the control board. → Clean. Check the surface of the → Replace it. Faulty lens. thermal head Check the → Clean. surface of **(B)** All black the CCD. → Replace → Check the Check the → Clean. IC201. Check the video signal clock surface of the TP2 in the signals to thermal head. CCD 1C201. CCD board. → Adjust it Check the optical axis. correctly. Check the analog signal IC 109 pin 15 in the control board. Check the → Replace. video signal in the CCD board. → Replace. → Check Check the IC103, HDATA Check the control board. IC109. LATCH CLKHD Density difference between right and left (E) signals in the control Check the → Close the board. printer printer mechanical correctly. → Replace it. Faulty condition. thermal head

Check the optical axis.

→ Adjust it

correctly.

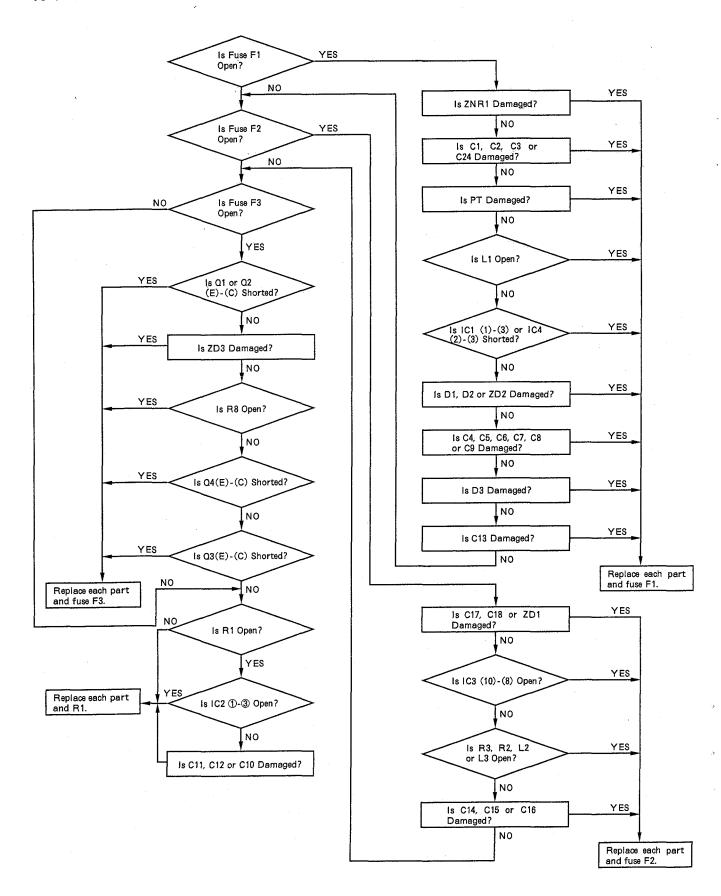
Check the surface of the lens.
 Check the surface of the CCD.
 Faulty thermal head.

© White band Check the → Check the strobe control signals. board. → Check the Check the LATCH control signal. board. → Replace. Faulty thermal head.

Black line
 Check the surface of the mirror.
 Check the optical axis.

Black band
 Check the → Adjust. optical axis.
 Faulty → Replace. thermal head.

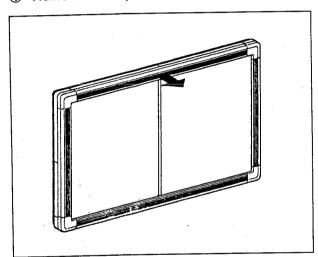
10-3. TROUBLESHOOTING FOR MAIN UNIT



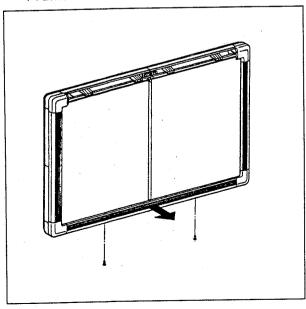
11. DISASSEMBLY AND EXCHANGE

Exchange Parts	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	10	12	13	14	15	16
Fluorescent lamp	0-	-0-	-0-				-•		-		621.1					
• Screen	0-	0-	-0-	-0-		•					ŕ	1				
● CCD Board	0-	0-	0	-0-	-0			>•								
• Screen feed motor	0-	-0-	0	-0-	-•											
Control Board		0-							-0	0	- 0-	-0				
Thermal head		0-							-0	0	0	0	-•			
Power Supply Unit (PSU)		0-							-0-					- 0-	-	
Paper feed motor		0-							0	0-		ļ.				•

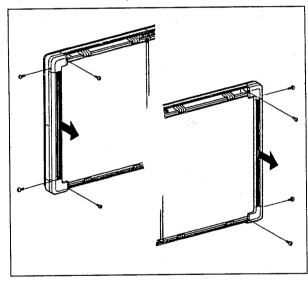
① Remove the top of the Frame Cover B.



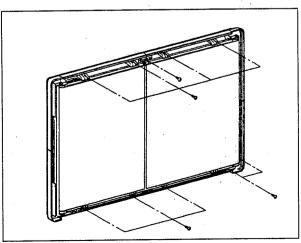
② Remove 2 screws on the bottom of the Frame Cover C.



③ Remove 8 screws on the lower left and upper left of the Frame Cover A, and remove the left part of the Frame Cover A.



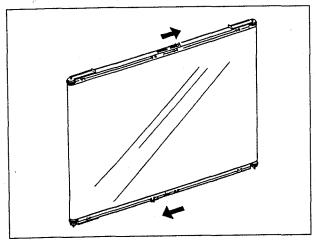
Remove 2 screws for fixing the screen feed motor bracket, 1 screw for fixing the core and 7 screws to remove the middle plate.



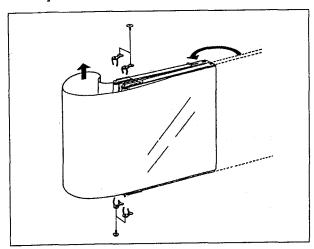
*The screen drive motor connector must be disconnected before removing the middle plate assembly.

KX-B620 Series KX-B520 Series

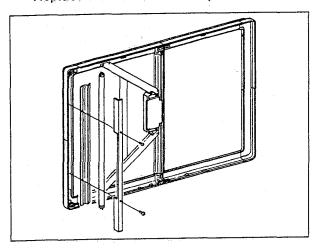
Then loosen 2 wing bolts, slide the upper and lower slide brackets to the direction of the allows separately.



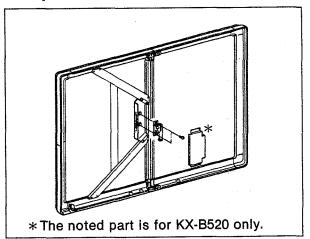
® Remove 4 screws which secure each screen holder, and remove holders. Then, turn the middle plate to the direction of the allow to loosen the screen. Replace the screen. Refer to the separate sheet for tension adjustment of the screen.



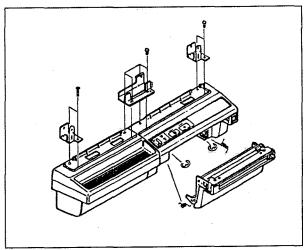
Remove 2 screws, and remove the Bracket L Frame plate and the Bracket lamp shield. Replace the fluorescent lamp.



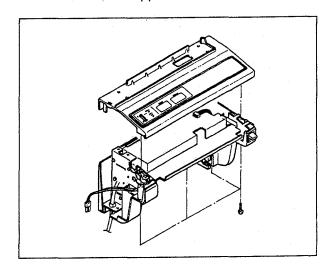
Remove 2 screws that fix the CCD unit and replace it. Refer to the separate sheet for adjustment.



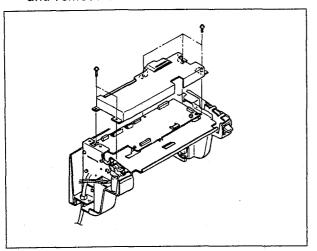
 Release 2 locking portions and remove the printer section, remove 8 screws that fix the printer section. Then open the printer door and remove 2 E-rings and 2 springs to remove the opening/closing section.



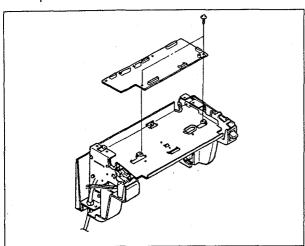
Remove 4 screws, disconnect the connector (LED to Control Board), and remove the Printer Cover Upper.



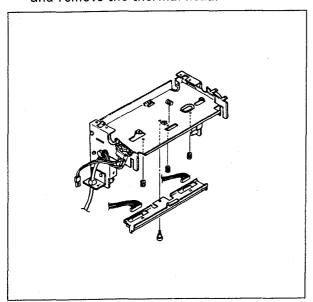
① Remove 5 screws, disconnect the connector (Shield plate to Control Board), and remove the shield Cover Control Board.



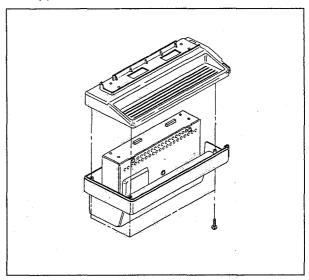
② Disconnect the connector, remove 2 screws, and remove the Control Board for replacement.



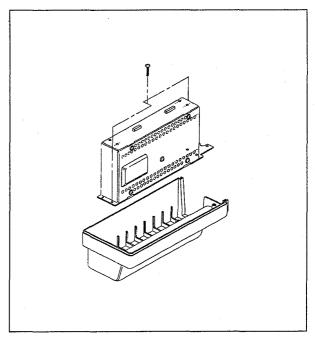
(3) Remove the upper springs and 1 screw, and remove the thermal head.



Remove 3 screws and remove the Tray Upper.

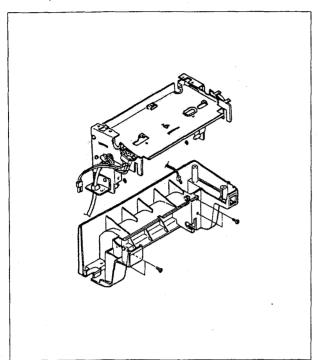


(5) Disconnect the connector (AC to Main) and remove 2 screws, and replace the PSU.



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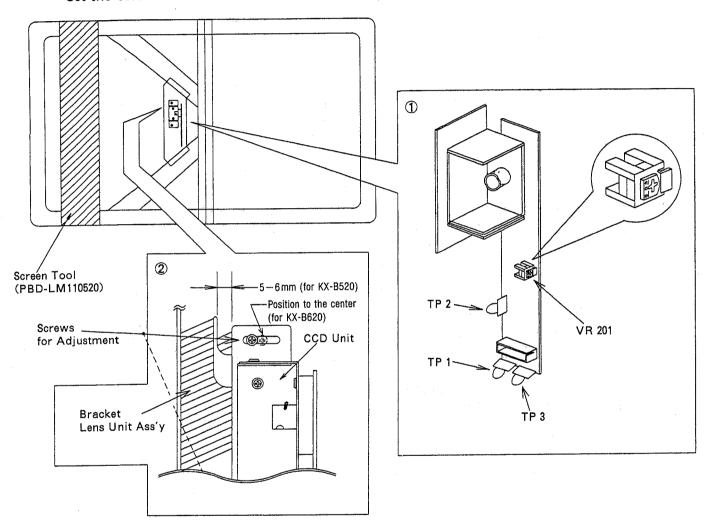
® Remove 6 screws to remove the lower cover. Replace the motor.



12. ADJUSTMENTS

CCD Adjustment Procedure

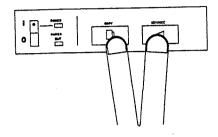
① Adjustment Tool set Remove all the parts necessary to gain access to the CCD unit (Use the "DISASSEMBLY AND EXCHANGE" steps ①—④ in section 11). Set the Screen Tool to the Print Board.

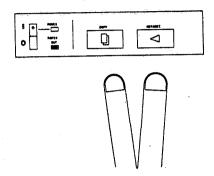


- ② Set the oscilloscope as follows (See ①):
 CH 1*** TP 1: DC Normal Mode 5V/DIV
 CH 2*** TP 2: AC Inverted Mode 1V/DIV
 GND*** TP3
 Time is 0.5 ms/DIV
- ③ Set VR201 as follows (See ①): Adjust VR201 to about center position.
- 4 Set the CCD Unit as follows (See 2): Set the Gap between the Bracket Lens Unit Ass'y and CCD Unit at 5-6 mm.

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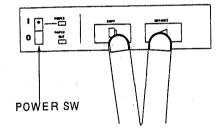
- ⑤ Press both the "COPY" and "ADVANCE" Keys simultaneously and hold them.
 - 8 Remove both fingers.

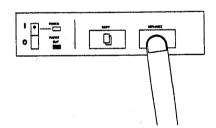




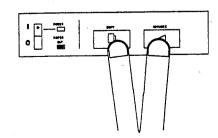
Turn on the POWER SW.

Press the "ADVANCE" Key
 (CCD Data Transfer Mode).



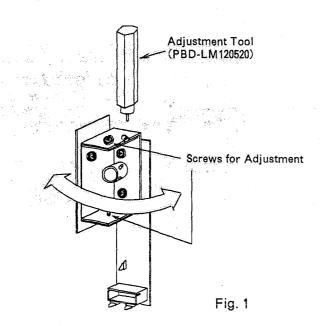


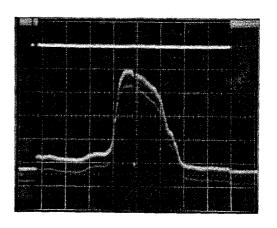
The "PAPER OUT" Indicator lights about 3 seconds later.



Media Horizontal Adjustment-1 (The Screen Tool position is 5 lines read position.)

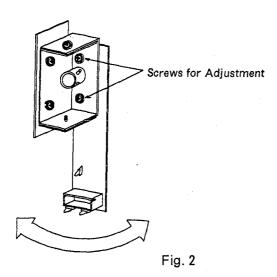
Loosen 2 screws (Fig. 1) and set the peak value of the waveform to a maximum using the Adjustment Tool. Then, tighten 2 screws alternately.

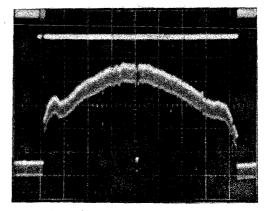




① Horizontal Adjustment-2 (The Screen Tool position is 5 lines read position.)

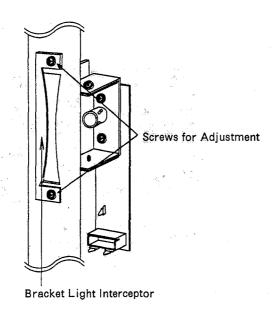
Loosen 2 screws (Fig. 2) and adjust the waveform to conform with Fig. 2. Then, tighten 2 screws alternately. The point of this adjustment is the shoulder of the both side waveform.





Slope Adjustment (The Screen Tool position is 5 lines read position.)

Loosen 2 screws and adjust the waveform to flat (Fig. 3) using the Bracket Light Interceptor. Then, tighten 2 screws alternately.



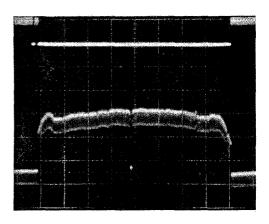


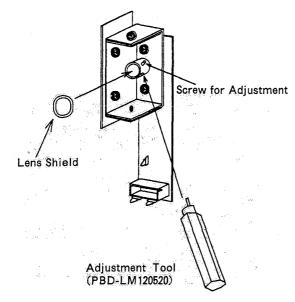
Fig. 3

Focus Adjustment

(The Screen Tool position is 5 lines read position.)

Loosen the lens set screw and set the peak value of the second pulse V2 (Fig. 4) to a maximum using the Adjustment Tool.

Then, tighten the set screw. Put on a Lens Shield. The function of the Lens Shield is the cut of the useless light.



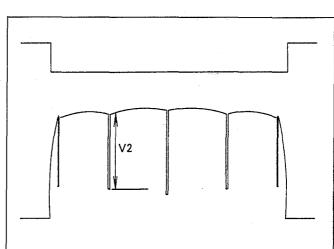
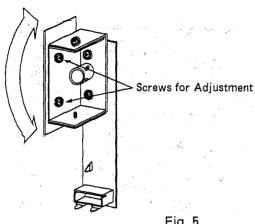


Fig. 4

14 Vertical Adjustment

(The Screen Tool position is 5 lines read position.) (This adjustments time range is 50 µs/DIV.)

Loosen 2 screws and adjust the reading width to conform with the waveform in Fig. 5. Then, tighten 2 screws alternately.



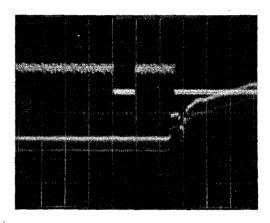
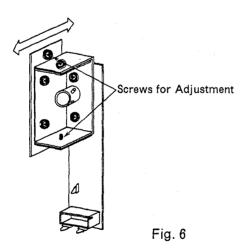


Fig. 5

If the Vertical Adjustment is impossible, loosen 2 screws and adjust the CCD unit to forward or backward (Fig. 6).

Then, tighten 2 screws alternately.

Repeat "M Horizontal Adjustment" to "M Vertical Adjustment".



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(5) Gain Adjustment (The Screen Tool position is white area read position.)

Adjust VR201 to obtain the peak level of waveform (4.5V).

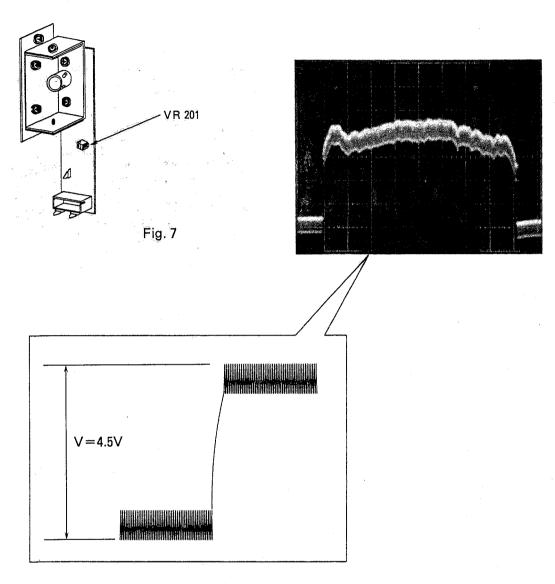


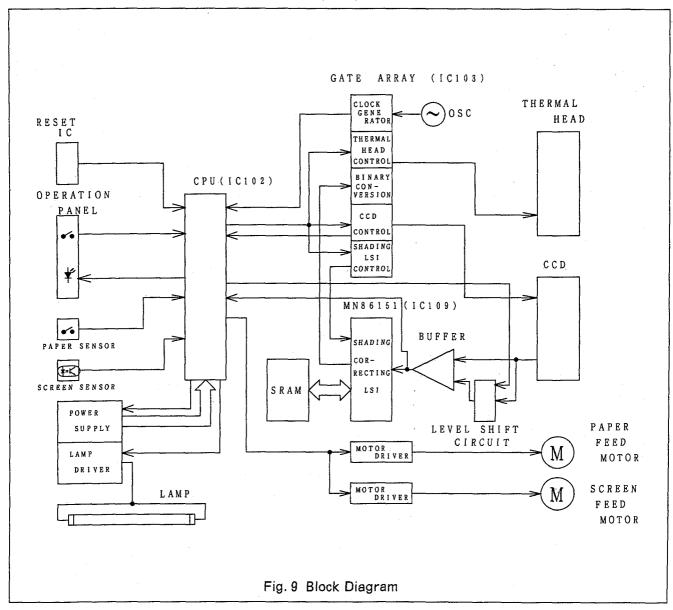
Fig. 8

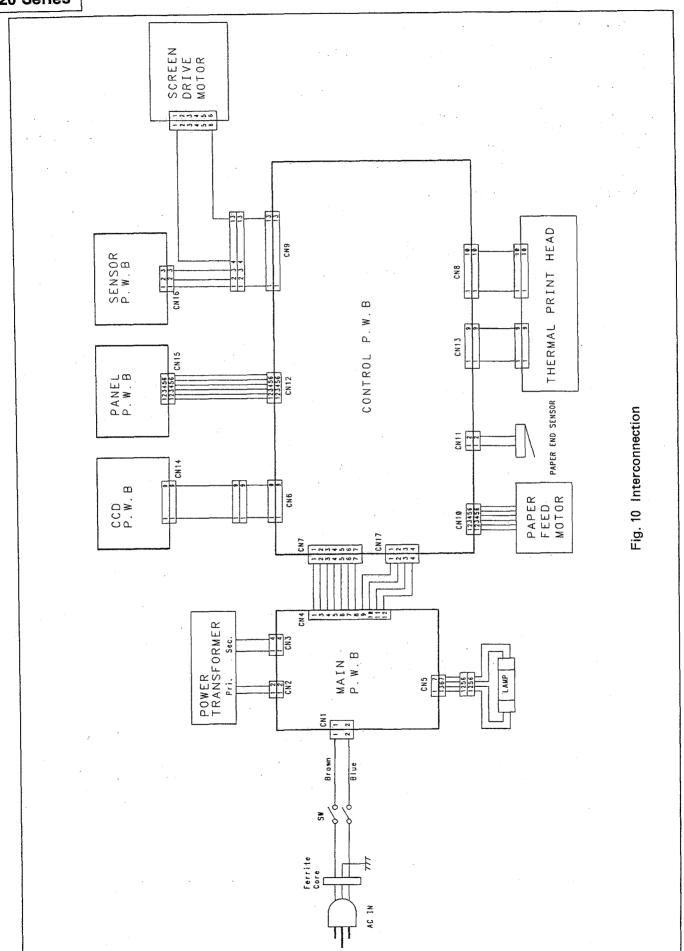
13. CIRCUIT OPERATION

1. GENERAL BLOCK DIAGRAM AND FLOWCHART

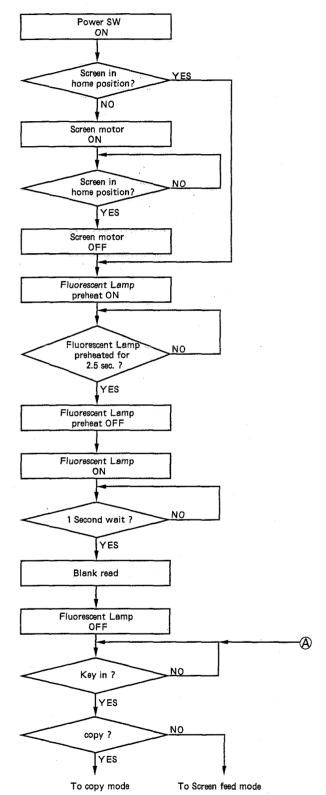
The control section will be explained as shown in the block diagram.

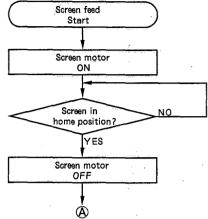
- 1) CPU (IC102) makes the timing signals for control of other circuits, for example CCD, Thermal Head.
- 2) Gate Array (IC103) makes the signals for Thermal Head, CCD, Shading correcting and A/D convert LSI (IC109) from the signals of CPU.
- 3) LSI (IC109) compensates the shading distortion of the analog signal and converts it to the digital signal.
- 4) Thermal Head contains the heating elements for the dot matrix image printing.
- 5) CCD image sensor is a 1,024 bit linear image sensor, and executes reading the document on the screen.
- 6) Power Supply supplies +5V, +24V, +12V, -12V.
- 7) Lamp Driver drives the Lamp in a high frequency.
- 8) Motor Drivers drive the Screen Feed Motor and Paper Feed Motor.

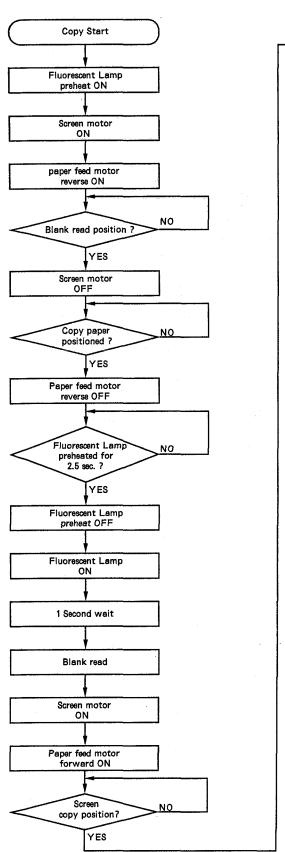


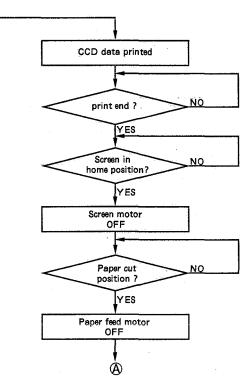


Flowchart









2. CONTROL SECTION

2-1 CPU (IC102)

1) Specification

The KX-B620/B520 Series uses a single-chip 4 bit CMOS microcomputer. Its specification is as follows.

- INTERRUPT SIGNALS4 (external, timer, serial I/O timer2)
- ANALOG INPUT (Port K) ------4
- I/O PORT (Port D, F, G, S) -----27
- TIMER I/O (CNTR)1
- SERIAL I/O8 bit×1
- 2) Circuit Operation (CPU Main Function)
- Thermal head strobe and latch signal production
- 2 Screen feed motor drive pulse production
- 3 Paper feed motor drive pulse production
- 4 Lamp drive signal production
- ⑤ LED turn on signal production
- 6 Key input accept
- Start signal production to memory the WHITE waveform of the blank area of the screen.

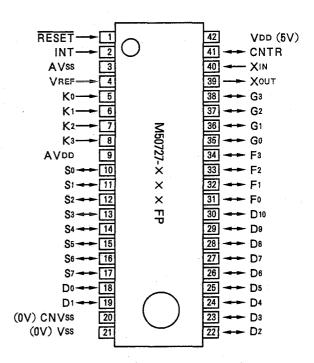
Signals production described below CCO signal is made by using Timer 1, and Timer 2.

CCO signal is used by Gate Array IC103 to make line start signal INT.

It interrupts CPU, and CPU starts 1 line sequence synchronizing with this, so almost all other signals are synchronizing with this signal. ENBIM signal "H" means available interval of the signal from the analog video circuit.

PAPW signal "H" means available interval of the signal HDATA, which is fed to Thermal Head

When PAPALL signal is "L", the clock CLKHD is stopped to feed to Thermal Head.



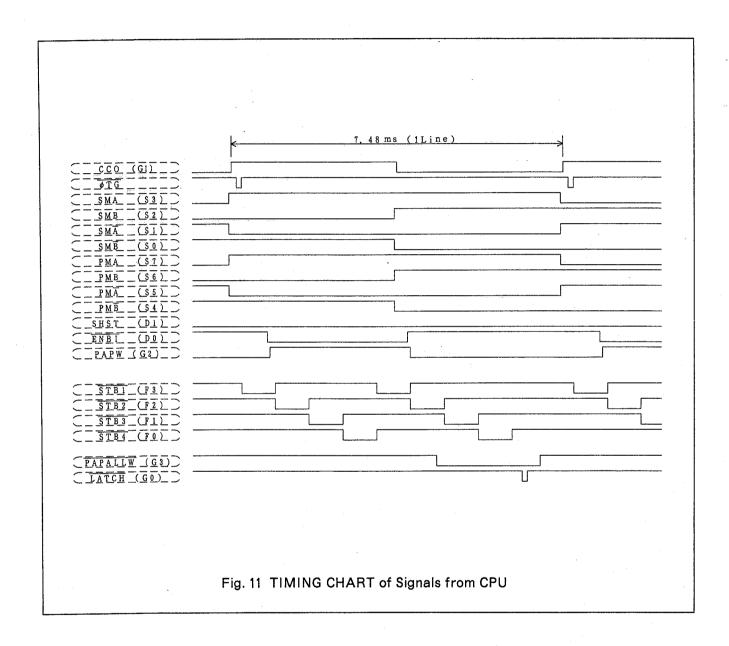
CPU Outward Form

CPU pin function are as follows:

Pin no.	Terminal name	Signal	Function	input/ output	Description
1	RESET	RESET	Reset signal input	in	When the reset signal is input to the CPU, the CPU resets all signals.
2	INT	INT	CCD synchronizing interrupt signal	in	When this signal is input, the CPU starts one line sequence.
3	∆Vss	GROUND	CPU analog ground		GROUND
4	VREF	+5V	Analog standard power supply		Supply voltage is +5 volts.
5	K0	FEED	Screen feed signal	in	When the advance key is pressed, this signal becomes "H".
6	K1	COPY	Copy signal	in	When the copy key is pressed, this signal becomes "H".
7	K2	THERM	Temperature of the thermal head	in,	Temperature of the thermal head is input.
8	K3	VPEAK	CCD peak voltage	in	CCD peak voltage is input.
9	AVDD	+5V	Analog power supply		Supply voltage is +5 volts.
10	S0	SMB	Screen feed motor B phase signal	out	This signal excites B phase coil.
11	S1	SMĀ	Screen feed motor A phase signal	out .	This signal excites A phase coil.
12	S2	SMB	Screen feed motor B phase signal	out	This signal excites B phase coil.
13	S3	SMA	Screen feed motor A phase signal	out	This signal excites A phase coil.
14	S4	PMB	Paper feed motor B phase signal	out	This signal excites B phase coil.
15	S5	PMĀ	Paper feed motor A phase signal	out -	This signal excites A phase coil.
16	S6	PMB	Paper feed motor B phase signal	out	This signal excites B phase coil.
17	S 7	PMA	Paper feed motor A phase signal	out	This signal excites A phase coil.
18	D0 ·	ENBIM	CCD data enable signal	out	When this signal becomes "L", CCD data is enable.
19	D1 .	SHSTM	Blank area start signal	out	When this signal becomes "H", IC109 stores all white waveform to the memory.
20	CNVss	GROUND	GROUND		GROUND
21	Vss	GROUND	CPU digital ground		GROUND
22	D2	LAMPPRE	Lamp preheat signal	out	This signal preheats the lamp.
23	D3	LAMPTON	Lamp turn on signal	out	This signal turns on the lamp.
24	D4	ENDLED	Paper end LED drive signal	out	When this signal becomes "L", paper end LED lights.
25	D5	JP101	Selectable paper size	in	Jumper A4 size/Cut Letter size
26	D6		Not used		
27	D7	SHEND	Screen end signal	in	When the screen comes to home position, this signal becomes "L".
28	D8	CHGAIN	CCD gain switching signal	out	When CCD gain is insufficient, this signal becomes "H".
29	D9		Not used		
30	D10	PAEND	Paper end signal	in	When the thermal paper is exhausted, this signal becomes "H".

Pin no.	Terminal name	Signal	Function	input/ output	Description
31	F0	ISTB4	Thermal head strobe pulse output	out	This signal is connected to the thermal head.
32	F1	ĪSTB3	Thermal head strobe pulse output	out	This signal is connected to the thermal head.
33	F2	ĪSTB2	Thermal head strobe pulse output	out	This signal is connected to the thermal head.
34	F3	ISTB1	Thermal head strobe pulse output	out	This signal is connected to the thermal head.
35	G0	LATCH	Head data latch signal	out	When this signal becomes "L", the head data is stored in the temporary memory.
36	G1	cco	Original rectangle pulse for all sequence	out	This signal is the original rectangle pulse for all sequence.
37	G2	PAPW	Thermal head data enable signal	out	When this signal becomes "H", the thermal head data is enabled.
38	G3	PAPALLW	Thermal head clock enables signal	out	When this signal become "L", the clock to the thermal head is stopped.
39	Xout	Not used			
40	XIN	XIN	External clock input	in	This clock frequency is 4 MHz.
41	CNTR	+5V	Not used		+5V pull up.
42	VDD	+5V	Power supply		Supply voltage is +5 volts.

Timings of Signals from CPU are as follows:

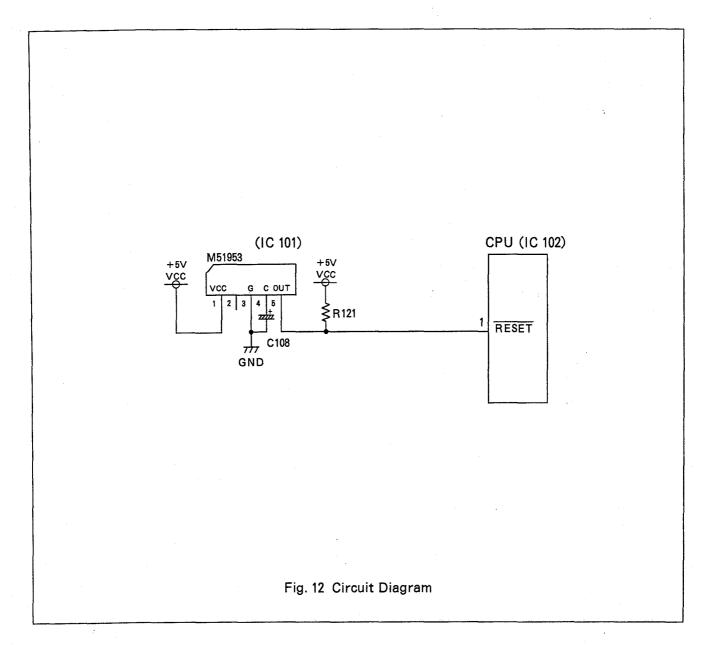


2.2 Reset Signal Circuit

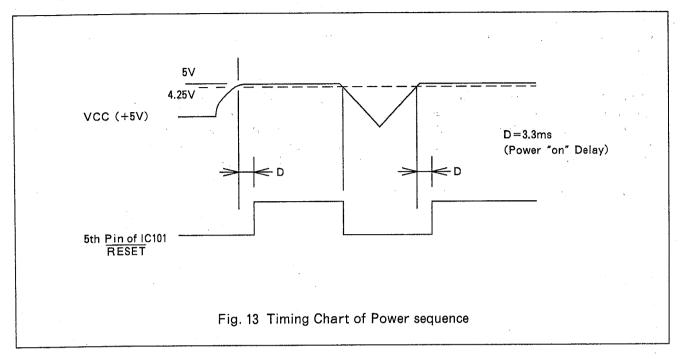
Function
 When the power is turned on, or when the power is momentarily interrupted, reset pulses are
 generated to reset the CPU.

2) Circuit Operation When the power is turned on and the power source Vcc increases to exceed +4.25 V, Reset IC (IC101) is activated, "L" signal is sent for about 3.3 ms and "H" is sent to reset the CPU (5-pin). When the power is momentarily interrupted and power source goes down below +4.25 V, "L" signal is sent to stop the CPU. When the power is resumed and power source increases to exceed +4.25 V, "L" signal is sent for about 3.3 ms and "H" is sent to reset the CPU again.

Circuit diagram and timings are as follows:

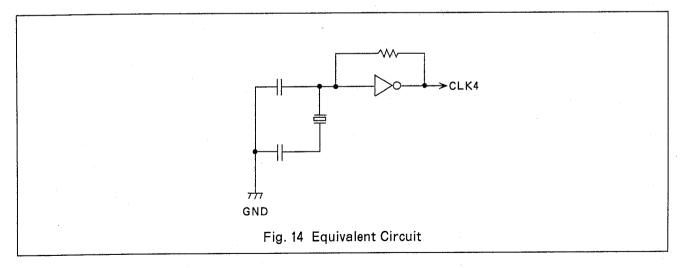


Timing chart is as follows:

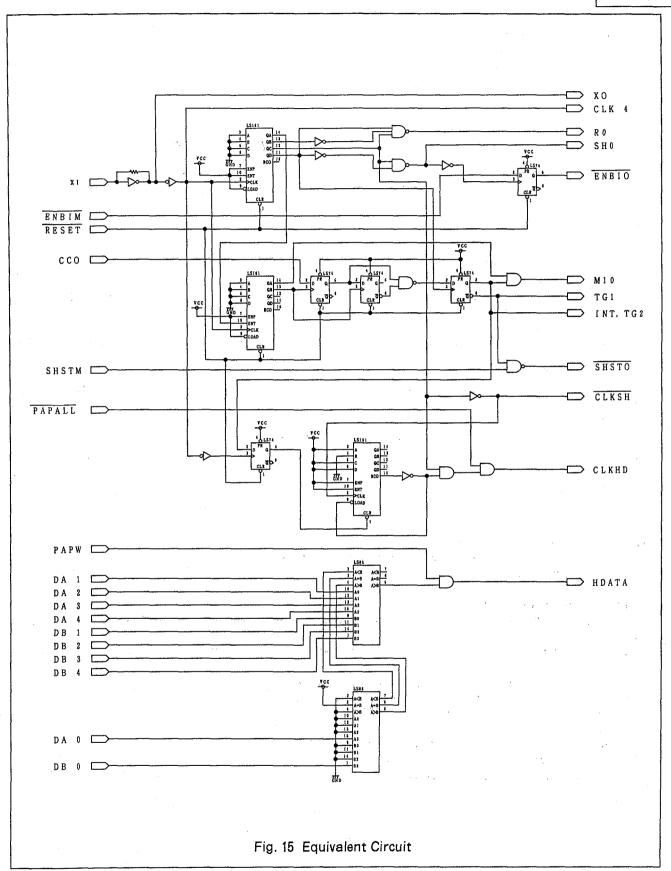


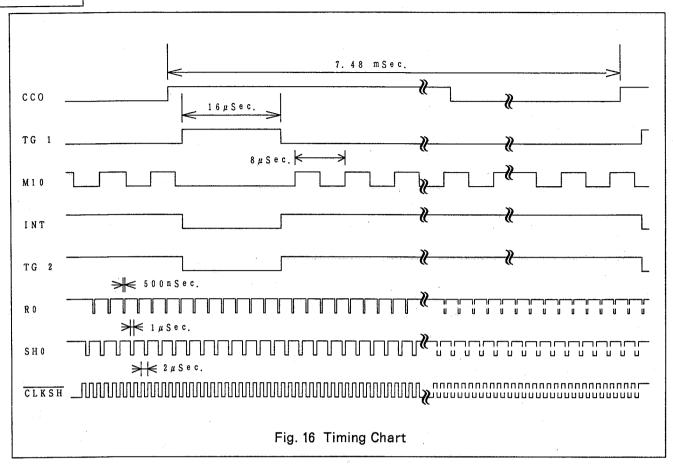
2-3 Gate Array (IC103)

- Function
 This gate array is divided into five section expediently.
 Equivalent circuit of this gate array is Fig 15.
- 2) Circuit Operation
- ① Oscillator section
 The 4 MHz clock is produced and supplied to CPU and internal clock generation circuit.



② Interrupt Signal (INT) generation section
This signal is a start signal of 1 line sequence.
It is made from CCO software produced signal from CPU.
It is sampled by 250 kHz clock and synchronized with hardware timing. It interrupts CPU and makes it start 1 line sequence. For example, the thermal head strobe signals and latch signal are produced.





- ③ CCD clock generation section CCD clocks R0, SH0, M10 and TG2 are generated in this section. Timing chart is shown above.
- 4 Thermal Head clock generation section

The number of CCD elements are 1,024 dots, and the number of elements of Thermal Head are 1,728 dots.

The binary converted signal from the CCD is zoomed 4/3 times, and white data for the filing space is inserted.

This is accomplished sample the original signal by 4/3 times the frequency clock (CLKHD).

CLKSH is two times the frequency of the CCD clock.

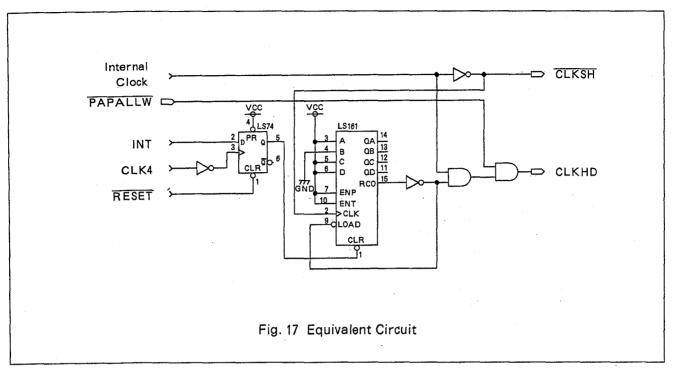
CLKH is thinned out in 2/3 rate from CLKSH.

The number for CLKH is 4/3 times compared with CCD clock.

Then CLKH is gated by PAPALLW signal.

White data is added moderately as a result.

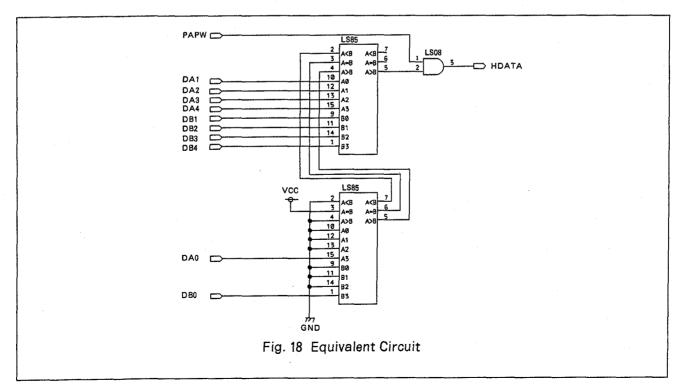
The LATCH signal is produced by the CPU, and fed to the Thermal Head directly.

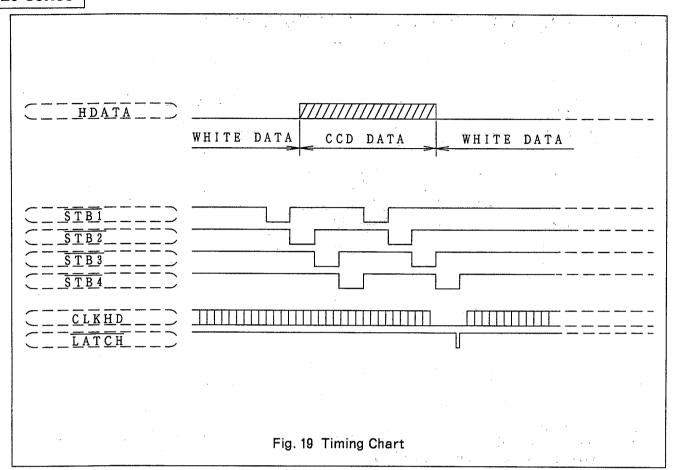


⑤ Binary Converting section The gray level signal (DB0-DB4) from the shading correcting and A ∕ D convert LSI (IC109) is binary converted by the magnitude comparator.

Its signal is gated by PAPW signal.

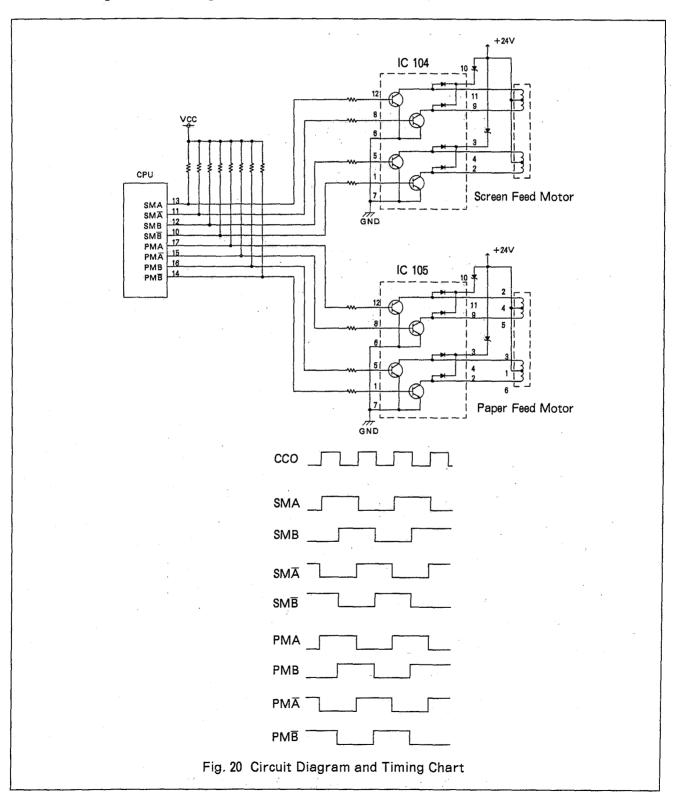
As a result HDATA is an available signal in the CCD video signal.





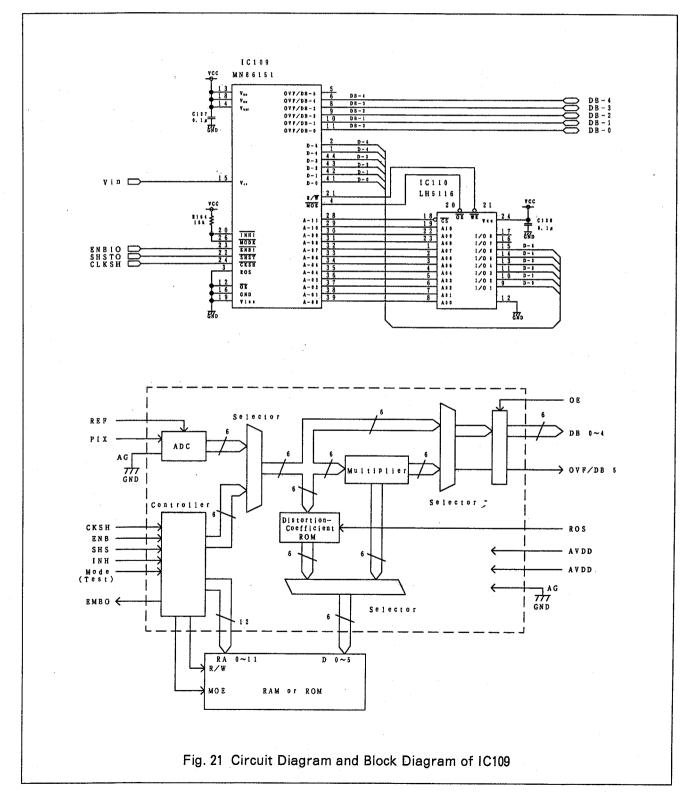
2-4 Stepping Motor Drive Circuit

- Function
 Two stepping motors are used for screen feed and paper feed.
- 2) Circuit Operation Stepping pulses are output from CPU, causing drivers IC104, IC105 to go ON. It makes a 1-step rotation. Circuit Diagram and Timing Chart are shown below.

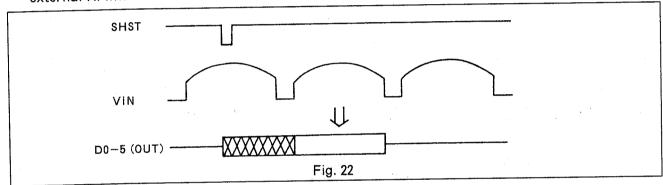


2-5 Shading Correcting Circuit

- 1) Function
 - In this circuit video signal distortion called shading which is caused by the difference of the sensitivity of each photo sensor in CCD and the optical system distortion is compensated. This is accomplished by the LSI (IC109) and the memory (IC110).
- Circuit Operation
 Circuit Diagram and the Block Diagram of LSI (IC109) are shown below.



- ① Explanation of the block diagram of LSI MN86151 This LSI is composed of four blocks, the ADC section, ROM section, MUL section and CTL section. Each section's operation is as follows:
 - ADC (Analog to Digital Converter) section The pix signal (the video signal from the analog circuit) is compared with the REF signal (+5V), and converted to digital 6 bit signal.
 - ROM (Mapping Read Only Memory) section The distortion coefficient data is mapped to the external RAM by this mapping ROM. The Output of ADC section is used for the address of this ROM.
 - MUL (Multiplier) section This section is a multiplier of 6×6 bit.
 - CTL (Control) section The functions of this section are control of shading correcting, control of ADC, and interface to external RAM.
- ② Operation of LSI (Step 1) Blank (white area) reading The video signal of the blank (white area) is inputted in VIN pin, and "L" pulse is fed in SHST pin, which causes this LSI to memory the distortion coefficient 6 bit data for each pixel to the external RAM.



The coefficient data is induced from the following formula.

DK: distortion coefficient data (ϕ -6310)

Dw: base data of white (ϕ -6310)

Dw=Int. [(Vw/5) ×64+0.5]

 V_w : video signal voltage of white area (0-5V)

a) 50% compensative Mode (not used)

 $D_K = Int. (2,048/Dw)$

(If Vw is below 2.5V, Dk is fixed to 63.)

b) 75% compensative Mode

 $D_K = Int. (1,024/Dw)$

(If Vw is below 1.25V, Dk is fixed to 63.)

(Step 2) Compensation

"H" level of SHST is inputted and video signal of the document area on the screen is inputted from VIN pin.

This LSI calculates the compensated output data of each pixel from the video signal and the distortion coefficient data of the external RAM.

The data is induced from the following formula.

DB: compensated output data (ϕ -3110)

Dk: distortion coefficient data (ϕ -6310)

Dp: document signal data (ϕ -6310)

Dp=Int. [$(Vp/5) \times 64+0.5$]

Vp: video signal voltage document area (0-5V)

a) 50% compensative mode (not used)

 $Db = Int. (Dp \times Dk / 64)$

b) 75% compensative mode

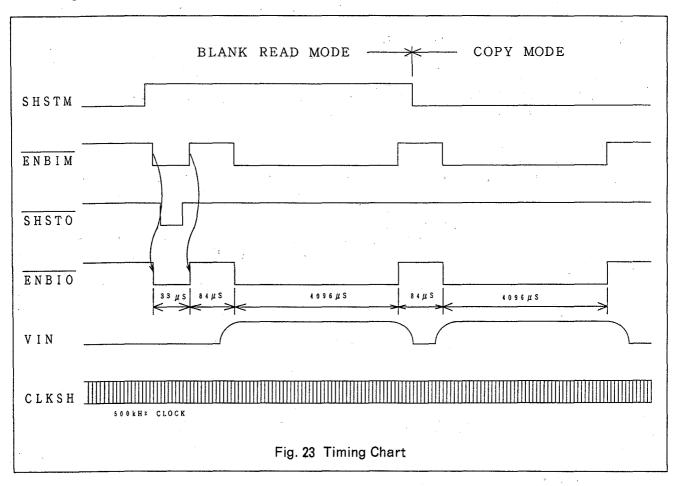
 $Db = Int. (Dp \times Dk/32)$

If Db≥32, then DB=3110 and OVF= 'H'

If Db<32, then DB=Db and OVF= 'L'

KX-B620 Series KX-B520 Series

3 Timing chart of signals.



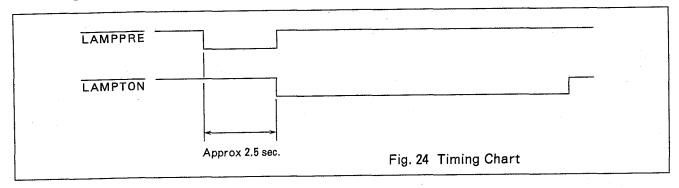
ENBIN signal and SHSTM signal are made by the CPU, and synchronized with the CCD signals by Gate Array (IC103).

As a result, SHSTO signal and ENBIO signal are made and fed to LSI (IC109) .

When the ENBIO signal is "L", the LSI converts input video signal into digital 6 bit signal.

2-6 Lamp Drive Circuit

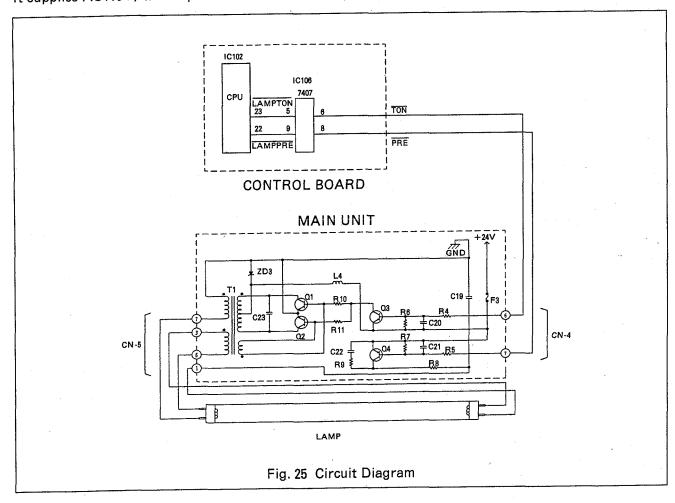
- Function
 Lamp drive circuit is on the power supply board.
 Control signals for Lamp drive circuit are supplied from CPU.
 Lamp driver lights the fluorescent lamp at high frequency to prevent flickering.
 It also preheats the filament just before turning it on to reduce blackening. (increase its life)
- Circuit Operation CPU makes two signals, LAMPPRE and LAMPTON. Timing is shown below.



Transistor Q4 in the Lamp Driver turns on by the LAMPPRE signal, so preheat current flows through the Lamp filaments.

Then self oscillating circuit composed of Q1, Q2, T1, C23 and L4, start oscillating at about 47 kHz by the LAMPTON signal.

It supplies AC110V, 47 kHz power source to the Lamp, so the Lamp turns on.

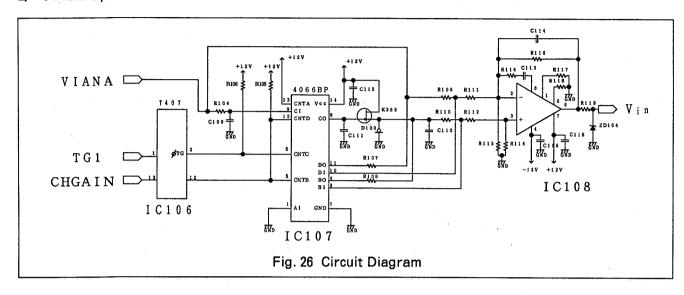


2-7 Video Signal Level Shift Circuit

1) Function

This analog circuit converts the video signal from the CCD board to the appropriate DC level and gain signal for the IC 109.

2) Circuit Operation

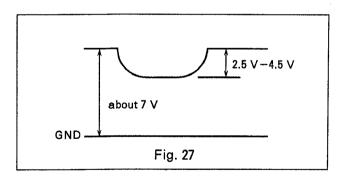


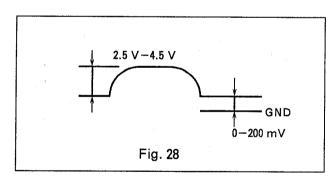
The digital conversion LSI (IC109 "MN86151") inputs must be as follows:

Black Level = 0V

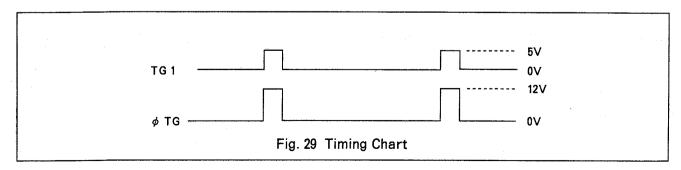
White Level = 5V

Because of the necessity of the conditions it is necessary to shift the DC level of the signal as shown below.





Black level of the signal from the CCD board is about 7V as shown above. Its level is sampled and held by the analog switch IC107 and condenser C111 at the timing of ϕ TG. Signal level of TG1 and ϕ TG is shown below.



This black level is subtracted from the original video signal, and still more the video signal is inverted. This is accomplished by the differential amplifier IC108.

2-8 Thermal Head

1) Function

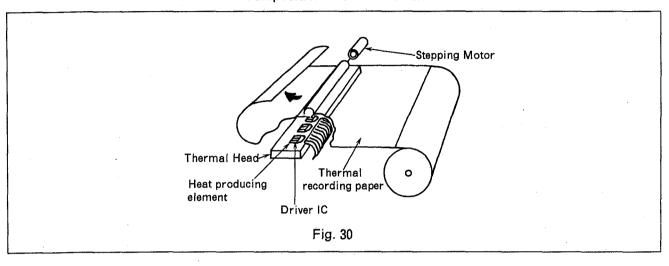
This unit utilizes state of the art thermal printer technology.

In this format, the recording paper (roll paper) is chemically treated and heat sensitive.

When the thermal head contacts this paper, the "Black" signal comes from the forwarding side, the thermal head emits heat momentarily and black dots (appearing almost as a point) are printed on the paper.

If this point is continued, letters and/or diagrams appear.

Composition of Printer Section

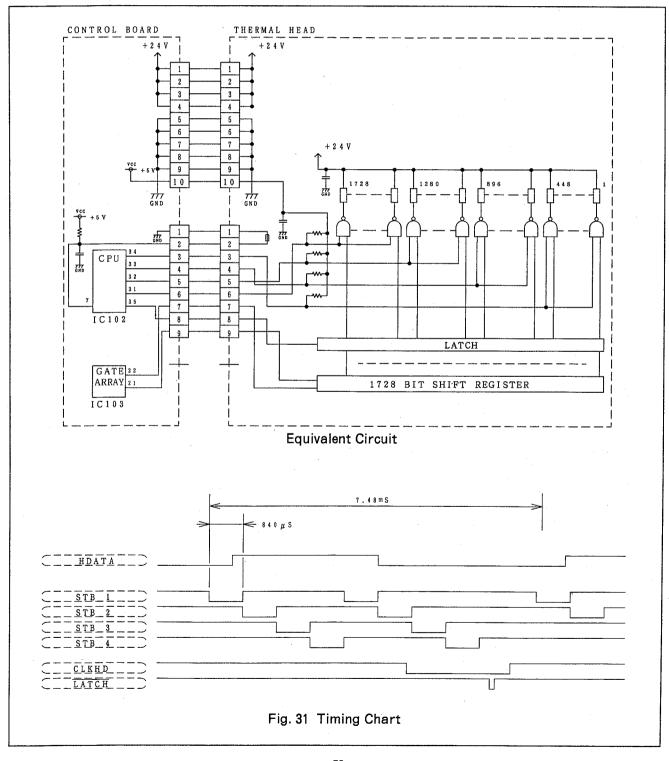


2) Circuit Operation

There are 27 driver ICs aligned horizontally on the thermal head and each one of these ICs can drive 64 heat emitting resistors.

This means that one line is at a density of $64 \times 27 = 1,728$ dots = (8 dots/mm).

White / Black (white = 0, black = 1) data in one line increments is synchronized at IC103 pin 22 (CLKHD) and sent from IC103 pin 21 (HDATA) to the shift register. The shift registers of the 27 ICs are connected in series, and upon shift of 1,728 dots increment, all the shift registers become filled with data, and a latch pulse is emitted to each IC from IC102 pin 35 (LATCH). With this latch pulse all the contents of shift registers are latched to the latch registers. Thereafter, through the addition of a strobe from IC103 only the dot location for black (= 1) among latched data activates driver, and current passes to heat emitting body to cause heat emission. Here the strobe of STB1 to STB4 impresses 0.84 or 0.91 msec each, two times for one line printout. The sequence is as shown below.

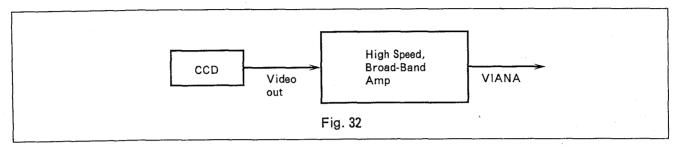


2-9 CCD Sensor Board

1) Function

This block is made up of the CCD sensor "UPD3575" (IC201) which has a sampling circuit inside, and broad - band amp "NJM318D" (IC202). The main operation of the amp is amplifying the signal from CCD.

Block diagram



The fluorescent light illuminates the image on the screen, its image is reflected in a mirror, and input into the CCD. The output from the CCD is in proportion to the amount of light.

2) Circuit Operation

(1) CCD section

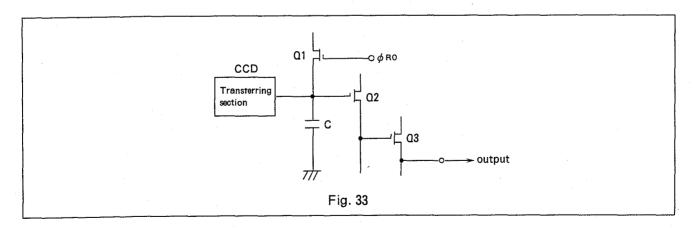
A CCD (Charge Coupled Device) is composed of the 1,024 bit linear image sensor. It converts the optical data to electrical data. The driving of CCD needs four kinds of clocks which are ϕ RO, ϕ SHO, ϕ 10 and ϕ TG. It is possible for CCD to drive in TTL.

Clock is inputted from the main control P.C.B. to the CCD P.C.B. through CN6.

Each Clock Description

φ Ro: Reset gate clock signal

Buffer amplifier is as follows:



KX-B620 Series KX-B520 Series

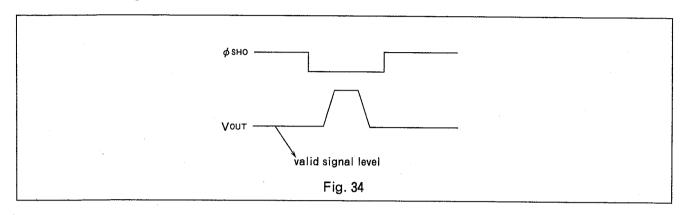
Capacitor C receives the transferred electric charge.

The voltage difference is outputted from source follower of Q2 and Q3. Q1 recovers the quantity of charge in capacitor C to the constant quantity.

 ϕ sно: Sample and hold clock signal

This samples the continuous signal from CCD.

The timing of Vout is as follows:



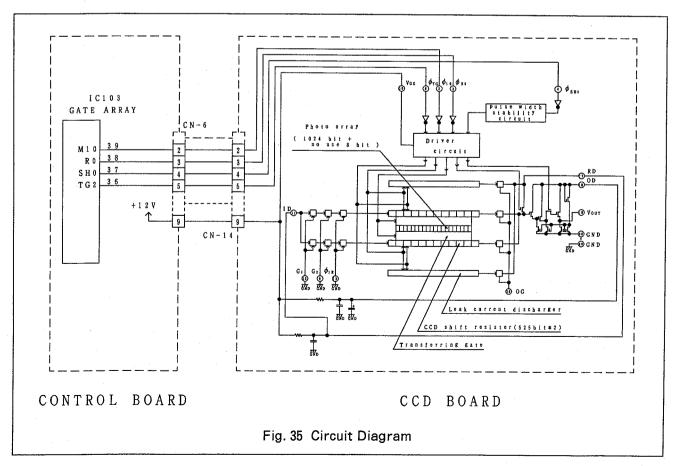
 ϕ 10: Shift register clock signal

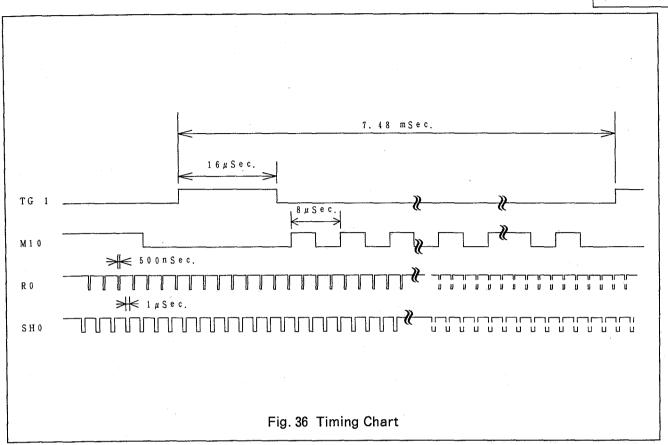
This clock signal separately shifts the transferred data in the shift register which has two lines of 525 bit.

The shifted data is sampled and held in ϕ sho, and output as Vout.

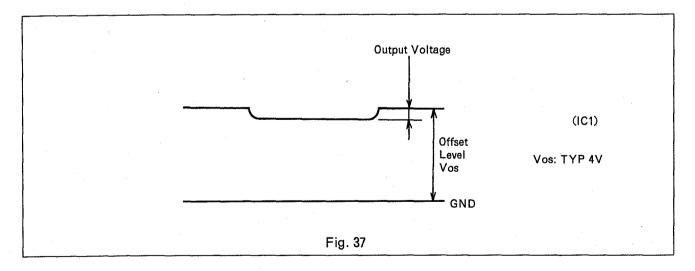
 ϕ TG: Transferring gate clock signal

This clock signal transfers the charge in light conversion section to the shift register. The charge in the odd element is transferred to the odd shift register. The charge in the even element is transferred to the even element. One period of transferring gate clock equals the charging time of the CCD.





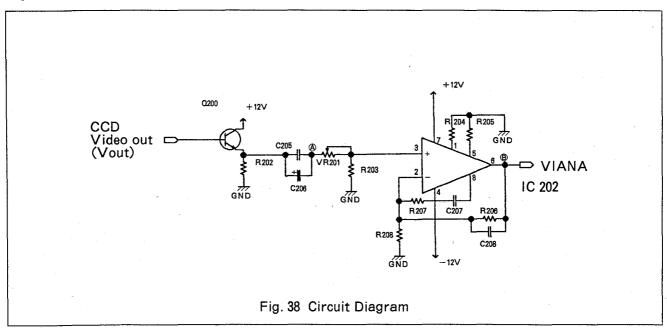
② Amp section CCD output signal is shown below.



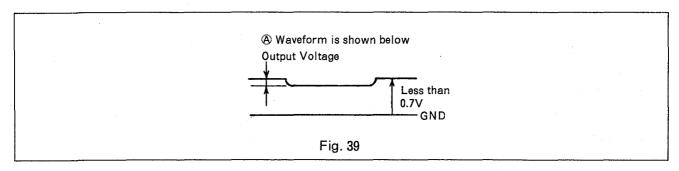
KX-B620 Series KX-B520 Series

DC level is TYP 4V, so if amplified directly, it becomes very distorted. Therefore the input for the broad-band amp is a condenser coupling circuit.

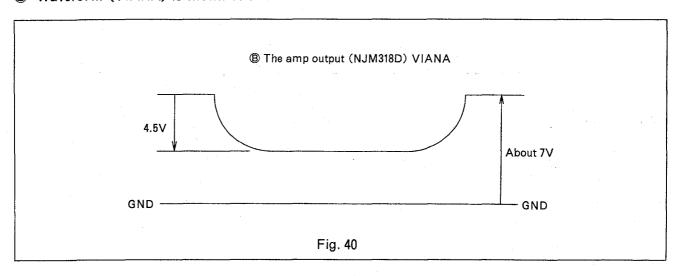
The output signal that is cut by condenser coupling circuit is amplified by IC202 (NJM318D), Gain is adjustable by VR201.



A Waveform is shown below.



® Waveform (VIANA) is shown below.



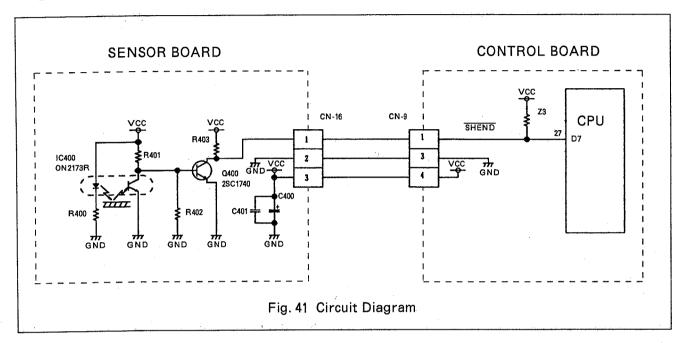
2-10 Screen Home Position Sensor Board

1) Circuit Operation

This circuit is made up of a reflective type optsensor and the buffer circuit.

There are 2 black marks at the bottom of the screen which absorbs light effectively.

When the sensor detects a black mark, the output signal "SHEND" becomes "L", and input into the CPU from D7 Port.



When the screen mark is not in position, the optical sensor "ON2173-R" IC400 receives the light being reflected by the screen and the photo-transistor is "ON". The base @ of transistor Q400 is less than 0.6 V and it remains "OFF".

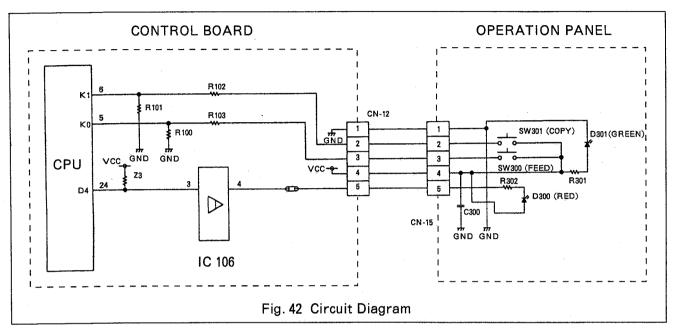
When the black screen mark comes, the light is not received, the photo-transistor goes "OFF", and Q400 goes "ON". Output ® "SHEND" becomes "L".

2-11 Operation Panel Board

1) Circuit Operation

In this board, two keys and two LEDs are included, copy key, feed key, paper out LED and power LED.

Circuit diagram is shown below.



When the key is pressed, "H" signal is inputted to the CPU. According to its signal the CPU starts the programed function.

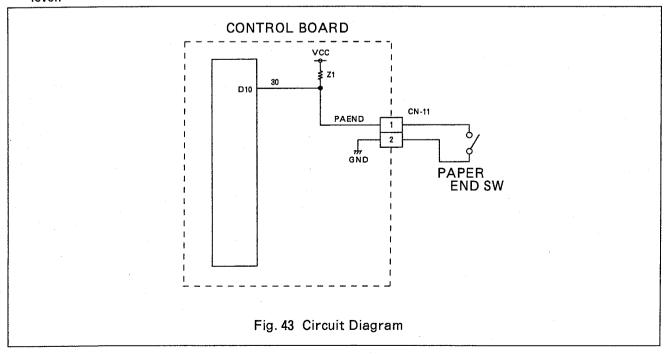
When the CPU detects the paper out signal from the paper sensor, the CPU makes a signal to turn the paper out LED on.

2-12 Paper Out Sensor

1) Circuit Operation

A micro switch is used.

When the paper is out, the micro switch is open, and accordingly the signal PAEND becomes high level.



3. MAIN UNIT

3-1. +24V Output System

3-1-1. Description of Operation

IC3 is the single output regulator for 24V using step-down chopper with cut-off function.

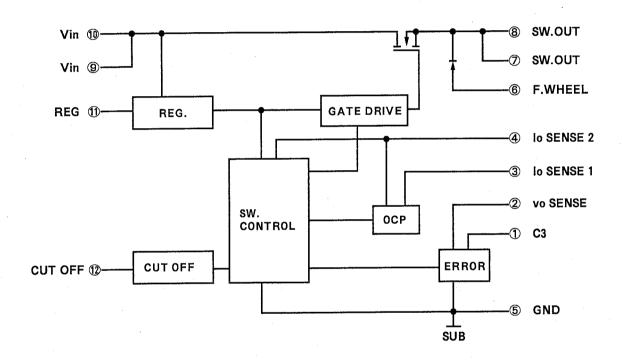
Figure below shows the block diagram of IC3.

AC voltage is supplied from pins 1 and 2 of IC3, full-wave rectified by D3 is stored at capacitor C13.

When the charging voltage of C13 exceeds DC28V, pin 12(cut-off terminal) of IC3 becomes high, IC3 is activated and DC+24V is sent to pin 2 of IC3.

L11 and L12 are choke coils, and R13 and C21 are for switching pulse reduction.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



3-1-2. Overvoltage Protection Circuit OVP

Detects the output voltage of IC3 at pin 2 of IC3, feedback, and sets it between the range of DC23.6V to DC24.4V.

When the output voltage exceeds 27V, zener diode ZD1 (27V) is activated to restrict the voltage to 27V.

3-1-3. Over Current Protection Circuit +CLM

When the output current exceeds DC10A, the voltage generated at resistor R12 between pin 3 and 4 of IC3 is detected at pin 4 of IC3, over current protection is activated to shut down the output.

3-2. DC +5V, +12V, -12V Output Systems

IC1, IC2 and IC4 are three-terminal regulators.

AC voltage is supplied from pins 3 and 4 of CN-3, half-wave rectified by D1 and D2, and is smoothed to

DC by smoothing capacitors C4 and C5.

When DC voltage is supplied to three-terminal regulator IC1, IC1 is activated, and outputs DC+12. When DC voltage is supplied to three-terminal regulator IC2, it outputs DC+5V.

When DC voltage is supplied to three-terminal regulator IC4, IC4 is activated, and outputs DC -12V.

ZD2(13V) is for overvoltage protection and for noise absorption.

C6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 are for vibration protection and for noise absorption.

IC1, 2 and 4 have buit-in over current protection circuits. Rated output voltage, rated output current, and starting current for over current protection are as follows:

	IC1	IC2	IC4
Rated output Voltage	+12V	+5V	-12V
Rated output current	0.5A	0.5A	0.5A

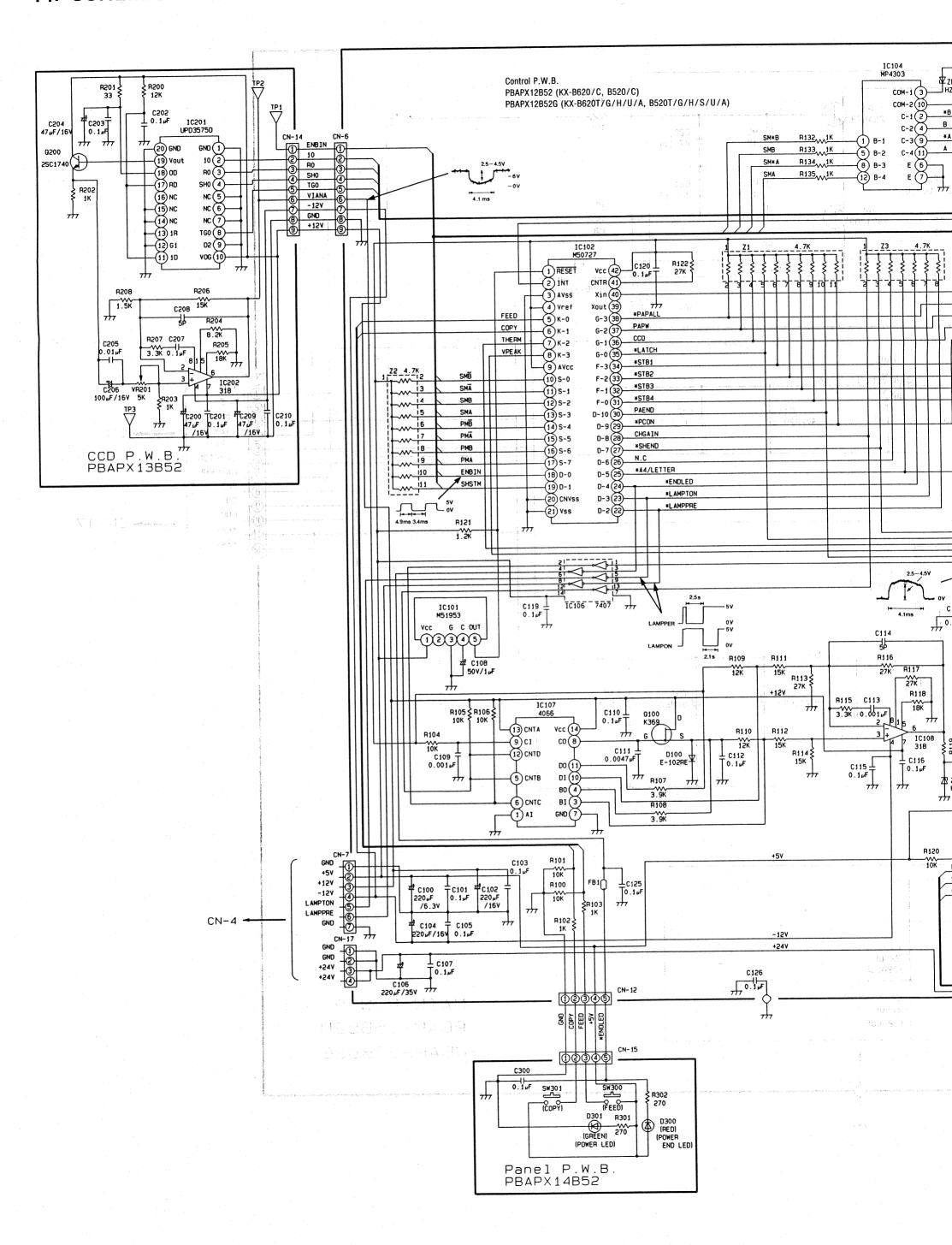
3-3. Fluorescent Lamp Circuit (LAMP DRIVE)

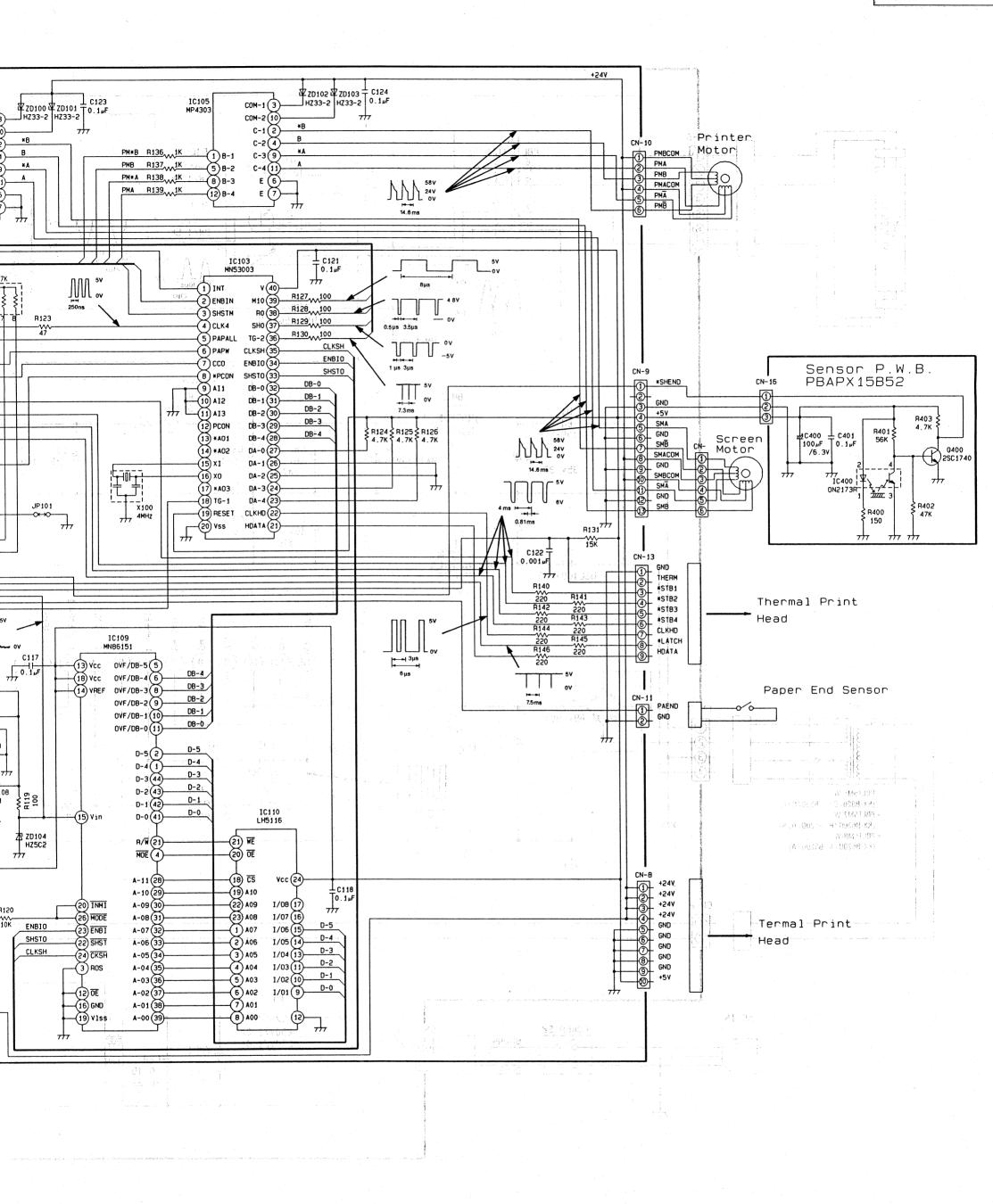
When terminal 7 of CN-7 (preheat signal terminal) becomes 0V, transistor Q4 goes ON, current is supplied to Q4→R8→LAMP heater→NS1 winding (T1)→LAMP heater→NS2 winding (T1)→GND and the LAMP heater is over-heated.

The voltage is set at 7.1V, and resistor R8 and the NS1 and NS2 winding resistors divide it into +24V. After 2.5 seconds, when the preheat signal becomes HIGH, Q4 turns off and current is not supplied to the LAMP heater, terminal (6) (LAMP ON signal terminal) becomes 0V, transistor Q3 goes ON, current is supplied to base resistors R10 and R11 of transistors Q1 and Q2 and then oscillation starts. This circuit is the push-pull voltage resonance circuit in which resonance occurs by primary winding inductance of transformer T1 and condenser C23, and switch it to a sine wave form.

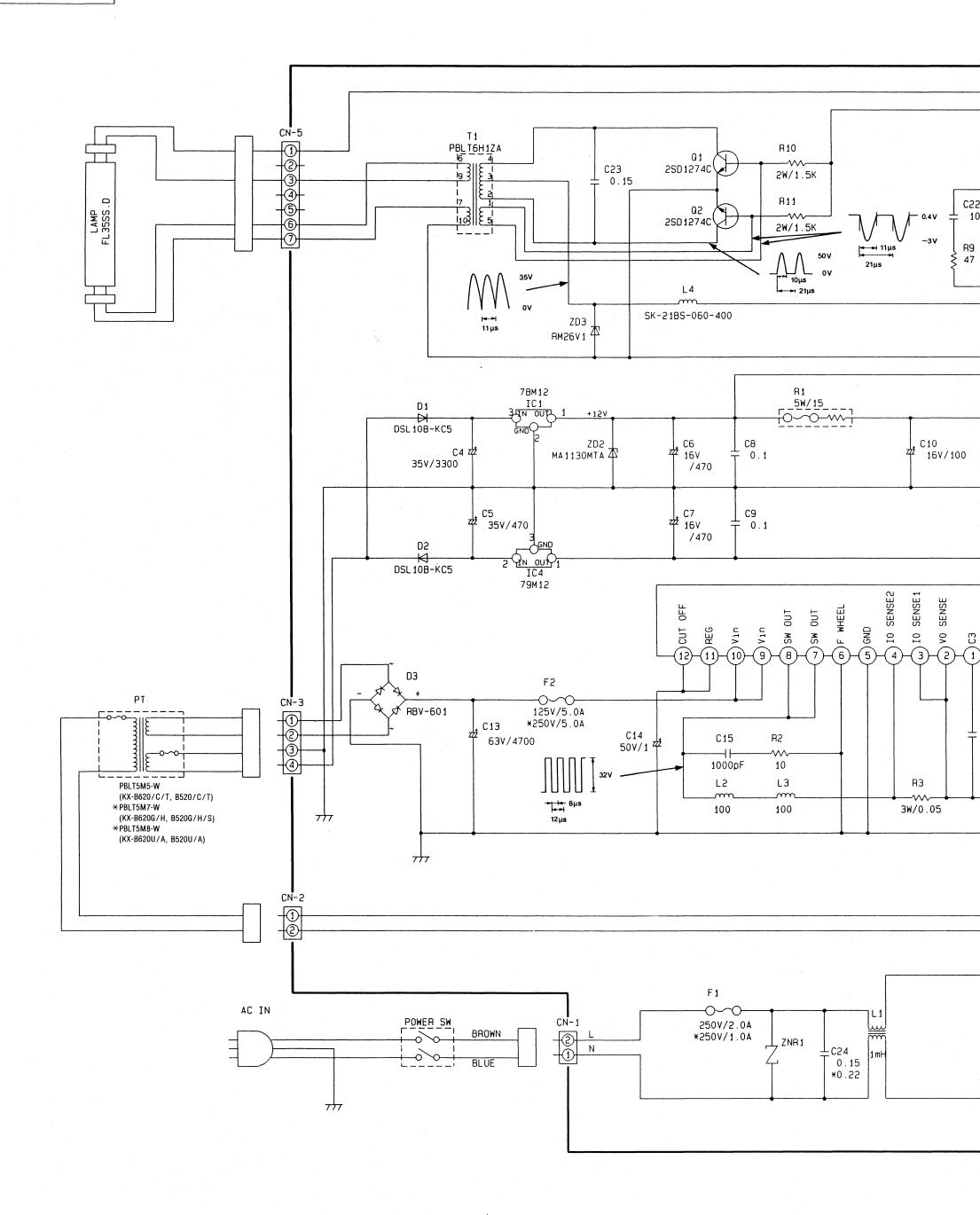
At that time the surge voltage is generated when the LAMP turns on, Vce of Q1 and Q2 may exceed the specified value and be destroyed. To prevent this, Zener diode ZD3 is used to absorb the surge voltage.

14. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

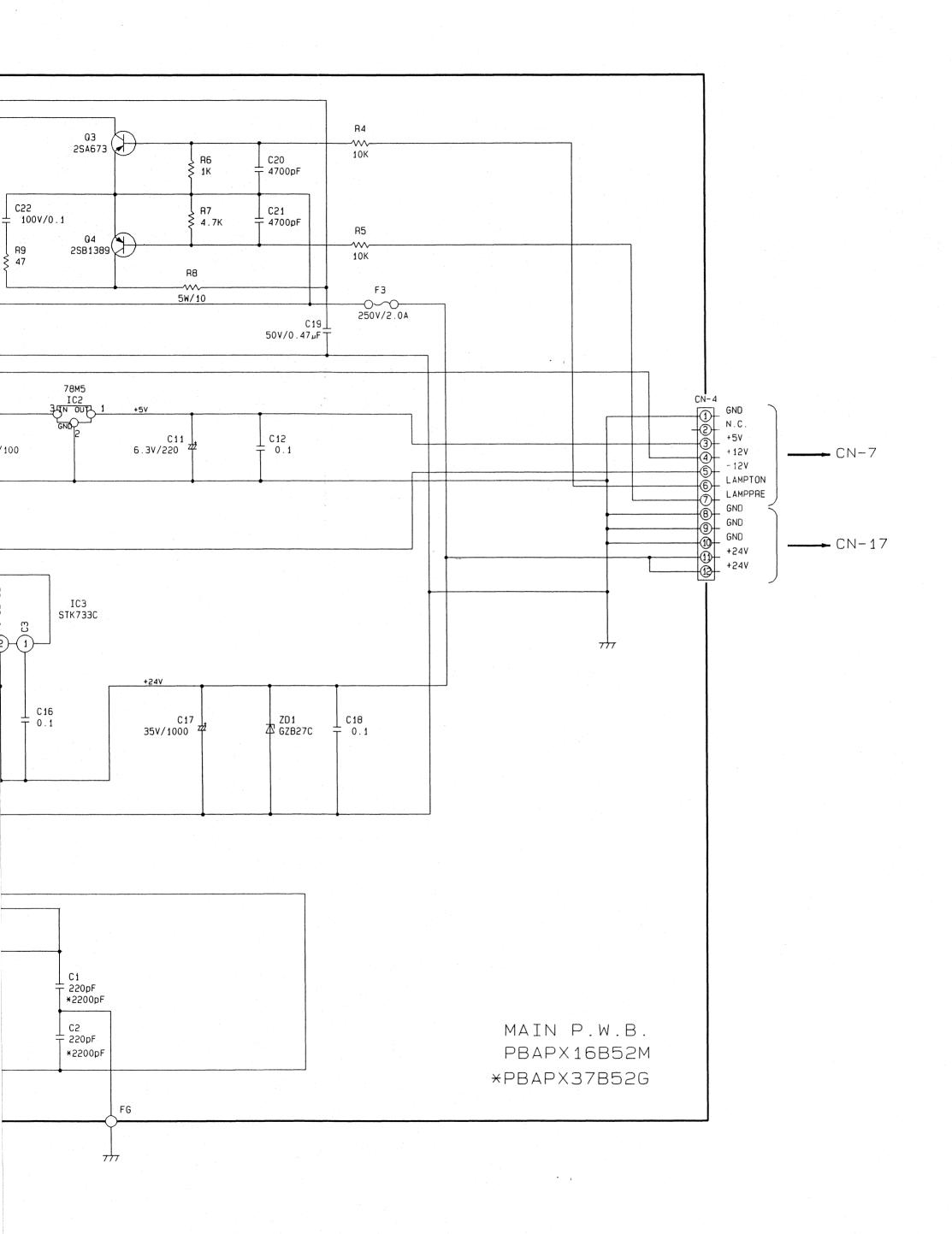




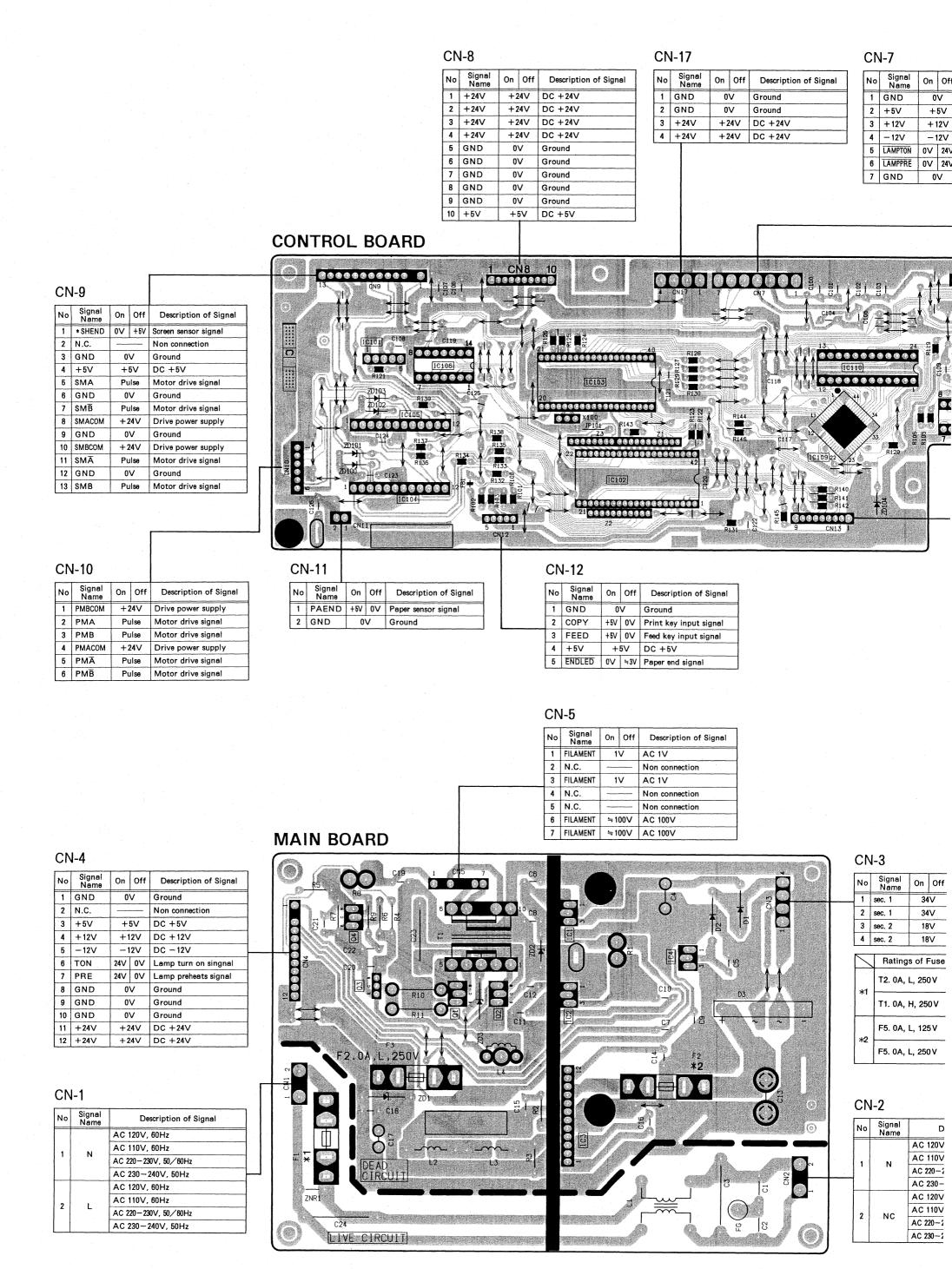
Those components are available for the unit the power source 220 - 240V.



 \times These components are available for the unit the power source 220 - 240 \vee .



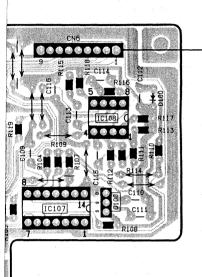
15. CIRCUIT BOARD



CN-6

n	Off	Description of Signal					
0V		Ground					
+5V		DC +5V					
+ 12V		DC +12V					
- 12V		DC -12V					
V	24V	Lamp turn on signal					
٧	24V	Lamp preheats signal					
0V -		Ground					

No	Signal Name	On	Off	Description of Signal
1	ENBI	Pulse		CCD Data enable signal
2	φ 10	Pulse		CCD clock
3	φR0	Pulse		Reset clock
4	φSH0	Pulse		Sample-Hold clock
5	φTG	Pulse		Trigger clock
6	VIANA	0-5V		CCD output signal
7	-12V	-12V		DC -12V
8	GND	. 0∨		Ground
9	+12V	+1	2V	DC +12V



CN-13

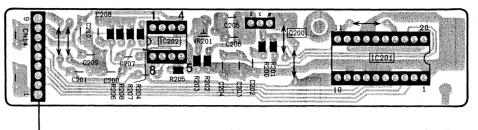
$\left\{ \right.$	Νo	Signal Name	On	Off	Description of Signal
I	1	GND	0V		Ground
	2	THERM	0V−5V		Thermistor signal
	3	STB1	Pulse		Data strobe signal 1
I	4	STB2	Pulse		Data strobe signal 2
	5	STB3	Pulse		Data strobe signal 3
	6	STB4	Pulse		Data strobe signal 4
I	7	CLKHD	Pulse		Head clock signal
I	8	LATCH	Pulse		Head latch signal
Ī	9	HDATA	Pulse		Head data

Off	Description of Signal
V	AC 34V
٧	AC 34V
V	AC 18V
V	AC 18V
	V V

oi ruse	Models
250 V	KX-B620/C/T, KX-B520/C/T
250 V	KX-B620A/G/H/U, KX-B520A/G/H/S/U
125 V	KX-B620/C/T, KX-B520/C/T
250 V	KX-B620A/G/H/U, KX-B520A/G/H/S/U

Description of Signal	
AC 120V, 60Hz	
AC 110V, 60Hz	
C 220-230V, 50/60Hz	
C 230 – 240V, 50Hz	
AC 120V, 60Hz	
C 110V, 60Hz	
C 220-230V, 50/60Hz	
C 230-240V, 50/60Hz	

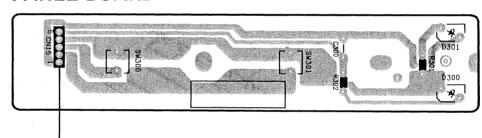
CCD BOARD



CN-14

No	Signal Name	On	Off	Description of Signal
1	ENBI	Pι	ilse	CCD Data enable signal
2	φ 10	Pu	Ise	CCD clock
3	φR0	Pulse		Reset clock
4	øSH0	Pu	lse	Sample-Hold clock
5	φTG	Pι	Ise	Trigger clock
6	VIANA	0-	5V	CCD output signal
7	-12V	-12V		DC -12V
8	GND	- 0	V	Ground
9	+12V	+12V		DC +12V

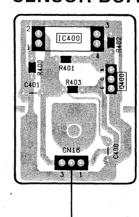
PANEL BOARD



CN-15

No	Signal Name	On	Off	Description of Signal
1	GND	0	V	Ground
2	COPY	+5V	0∨	Print key input signal
3	FEED	+5V	0∨	Feed key input signal
4	+5V	+	5V	DC +5V
5	ENDLED	0∨	≒3V	Paper end signal

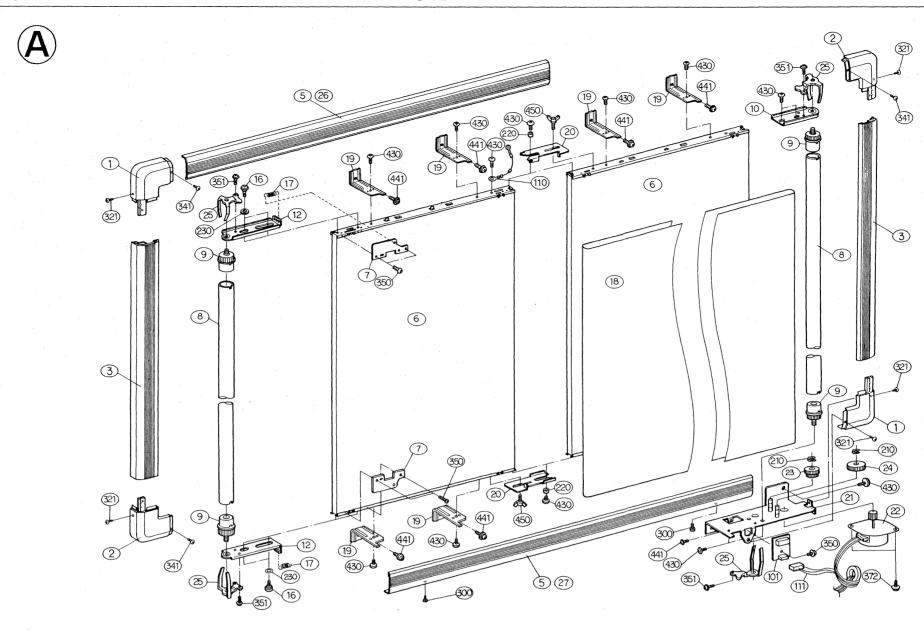
SENSOR BOARD

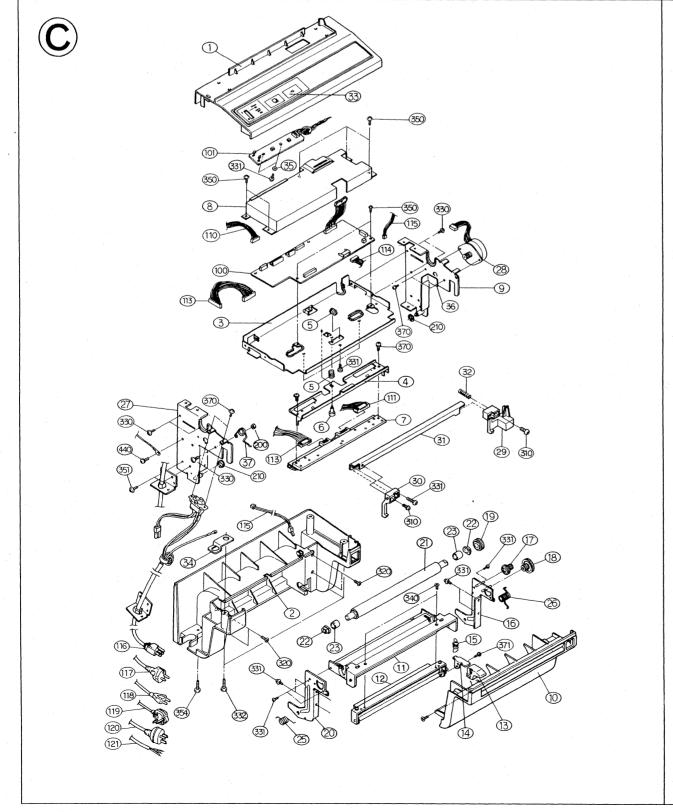


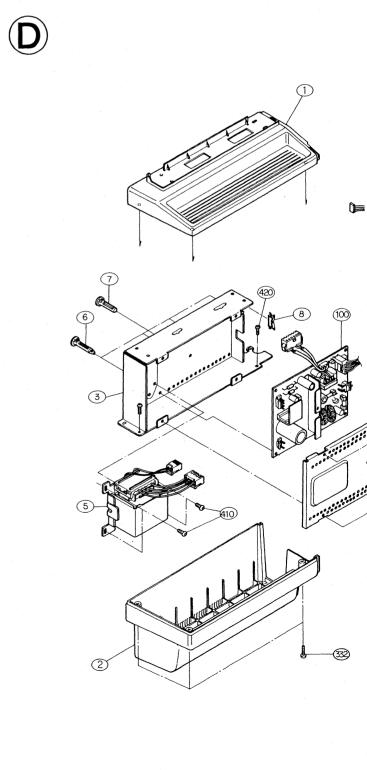
CN-16

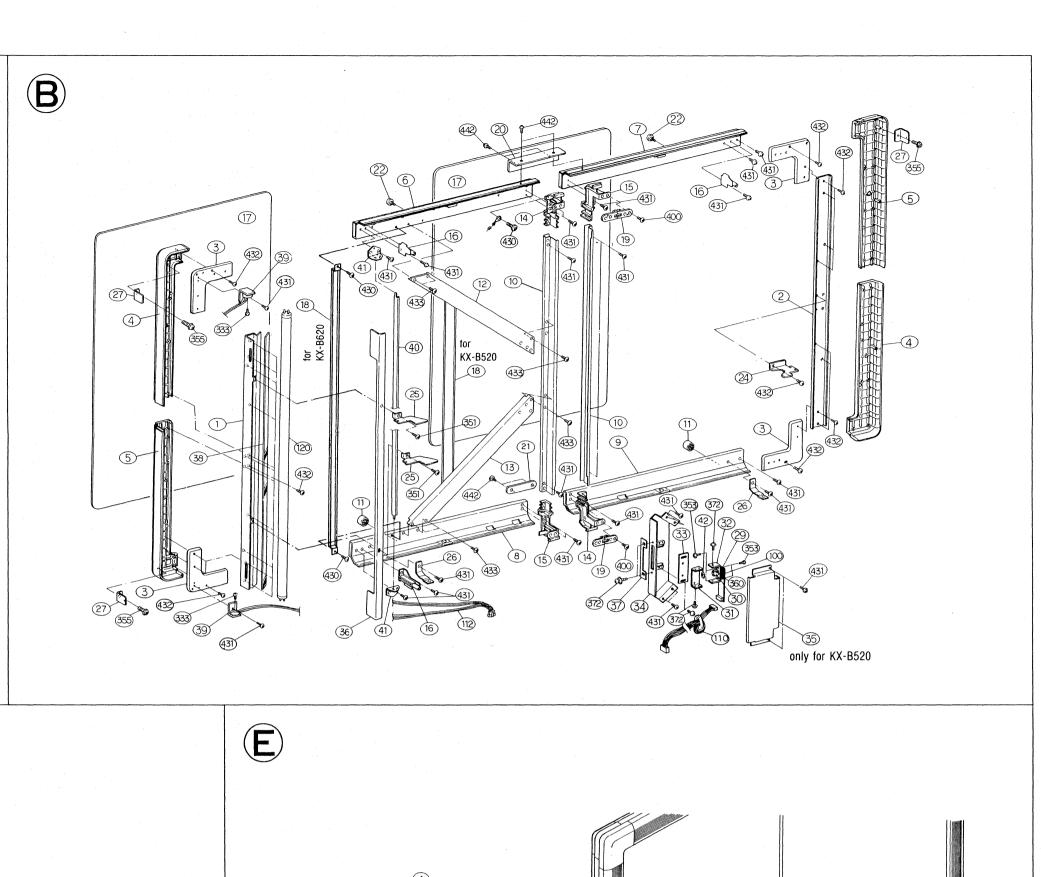
No	Signal Name	On	Off	Description of Signal
1	* SHEND	0∨	+5V	Screen sensor signal
2	GND	0∨		Ground
3	+5V	+5V		DC +5V

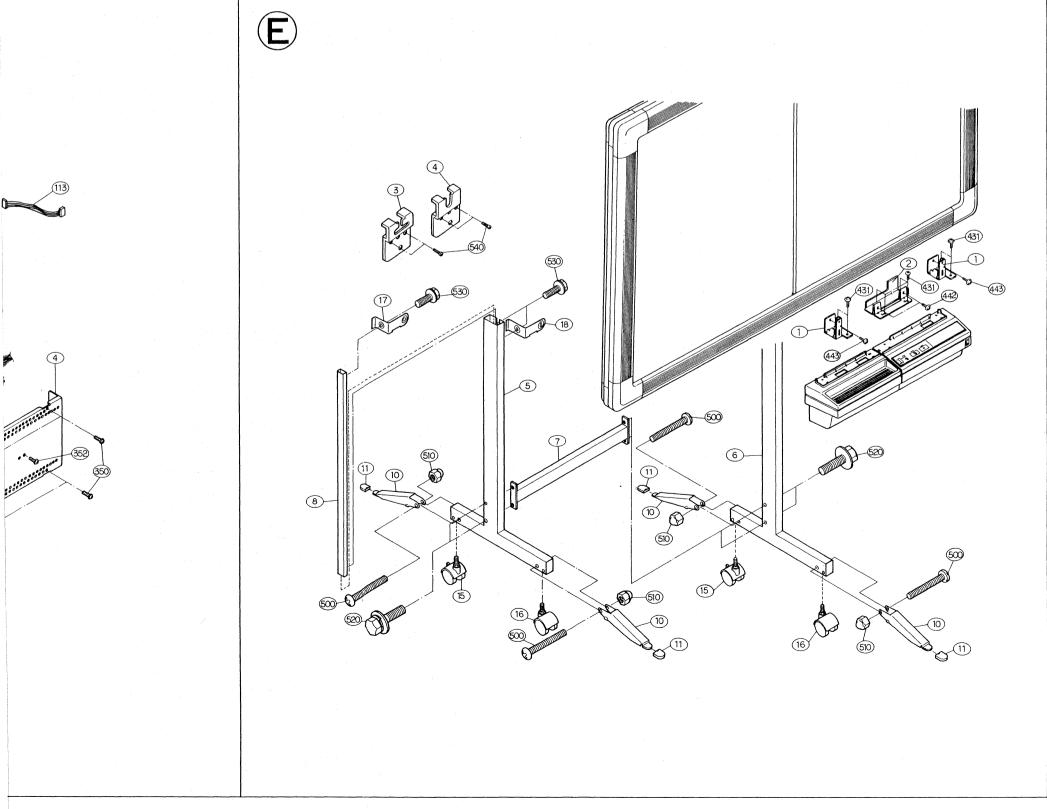
16. MECHANICAL PARTS LOCATION











17. REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

Important Safty Notice

Components identified by the \triangle mark have special characteristics important for safety. When replacing any of these components, use only manufacture's specified parts.

NOTE:

• The marking (RTL) indicates that the Retention Time is Limited for this item. After the discontinuation of this assembly in production, the item will continue to be available for a specific period of time. The retention period of availability is dependant on the type of assembly, and in accordance with the laws governing part and product retention. After the end of this period, the assembly will no longer be available.

• In KX-B520 Series, components that the a mark is indicated in the Q'ty column are used for only the

product with the a mark on the nameplate.

	f. No		al Parts Part No.	Description	Q'ty
A)	-		PBGC1Z52	Corner Frame Cover A △	2
<u>B</u>			PBGC2Z52	Corner Frame Cover B A	2
<u>a</u>		- 1	PBGC3Z52	Frame Cover A	2
				Frame Cover C	2
A	-	5	PBGC5Z52	(KX-B520 Series)	2
				Middle Plate Ass'y	2
A	-	6	PBUEA0031Z-J	(KX-B620 Series)	
				Middle Plate Ass'y	2 [
A	-	6	PBUE3Y52-J	(KX-B520 Series)	2,[
<u>A</u>		7	PBULA0001Z52	Bracket	2,[
<u>8</u>			PBDR1Z52	Roller	2
<u>&</u>			PBUD1Y52	Roller with Gear	4,[
<u> </u>		- 1	PBMDA0001Z52	Bracket A (Roller)	1,[
<u>&</u>	<u>-</u>		PBM D47Z40	Bracket C (Roller)	2,[
<u>&</u>			PBHD3Z40	Spacer Screw	4,[
<u> </u>			PBDS10Z40	Spring	2,
<u> </u>			PBUEA0032Z-J	Screen (KX-B620 Series) △	1
<u> </u>			PBUE2Z52-J	Screen (KX-B520 Series) △	1
<u>&</u>		19	PBMDA0002Z52	Bracket (Middle Plate Ass'y)	7,
<u>&</u>			PBHMA0005Z52		2,
				Bracket (Screen Feed Motor)	1
A -	21	PBMMA0001Y	(KX-B620 Series)	'	
				Bracket (Screen Feed Motor)	1,
՛⊗	-	21	PBMMA0001Z52	(KX-B520 Series)	
			Screen Feed Motor △	1	
(A)	-	22	PBAMA0004Z	(KX-B620 Series)	
			DD 4 14 4 00007E3	Screen Feed Motor A	1,
՛⊗	-	22	PBAMA0002Z52	(KX-B520 Series)	
(A)		23	PBUD6Z52	Idel Gear	1
(A)	-	24	PBUD2Z52	Idel Gear	1
<u>(A)</u>	_		PBHR26Z40	Screen Holder	4,
			DD 0 0 4 0004 7	Frame Cover (upper) A	1
(A)	-	26	PBGCA0001Z	(KX-B620 Series)	
			DD 0 0 0 00027	Frame Cover (lower) A	1
(A)	-	27	PBGCA0002Z	(KX-B620 Series)	
B	-	1	PBUA1Z52-J	Bracket (Left Frame)	1
B	-	2	PBUA6Z52	Bracket (Right Frame)	_ 1
B	_	3		Bracket (Corner Frame)	4
B		4	PBKM1Z52	Corner Frame A A	2
B	-	5	PBKM2Z52	Corner Frame B 🛆	2
B	-	6			1
B	_	6	PBKM3Z52-J	Frame A (KX-520 Series)	1
₿	_	7	PBKMA0018Z-J	Frame B (KX-620 Series)	1

Re	f. No	o.	Part No.		Q'ty
B	-	7	PBKM4Z52-J	Frame B (KX-520 Series)	1
<u>-</u> В)	-	8	PBKMA0019Z-J	Frame C (KX-620 Series)	1
<u> </u>	_	8	PBKM19Z52-J	Frame C (KX-520 Series)	1
B)	_	9	PBKMA0020Z-J	Frame D (KX-620 Series)	1
B)		9	PBKM20Z52-J	Frame D (KX-520 Series)	1
<u>B</u>		- 1		Frame E	2
<u>B</u>		11	NF1U5552	Foot	2
B)			PBUA9Y	Support Frame A	1
<u>B</u> B	_		PBUA8Y	Support Frame B	1
<u>b</u> B			PBUC3Z52	Joint A	2
	-	1	PBUC4Z52	Joint B	2
<u>B</u>	-		PBHR3Z52	Bracket (Frame Cover)	3
<u>B</u>				Rear Cover \triangle	2
B		17	PBKUA0001Z		-
B	_	18	PBBYA0005Z	Bracket (Rear Cover)	1
				(KX-620 Series)	
B	_	18	PBBY2Z52-J	Bracket (Rear Cover)	1
				(KX-520 Series)	2
<u>B</u>	-	19		Hinge	↓
<u>B</u> _	-	20	PBHM6Z52	Bracket (Frame Fixture (U))	1
₿	-		PBHM4Z52	Bracket (Frame Fixture (L))	1
₿	-	22	PBHD2Z52	Wall Mounting Screw	2
B	-	24	PBUL1Z52	Bracket (Frame Cover (R))	1
	-	25	PBUL2Z52	Bracket (Frame Cover (L))	2
B	-	26	PBM D24Z52	Bracket (Frame Cover Fixture)	2
B	_	27	PBUL3Z52	Bracket (Corner Frame Cover)	3
B	-	29	PBHR1Z52	Lens Holder	1
B	-		PBUE5Z52	Lens	1
<u></u> B		31	PBMD1Z52	Bracket (Lens Unit Holder A)	1
B		32	Committee of the Commit	Bracket (Lens Unit Holder B)	1
<u>B</u>		33		Bracket (Lens Unit Holder C)	1
			1 DIVIDOLUL	Bracket (Lens Unit Ass'y)	Τ.
₿	-	34	PBMDA0150Z	(KX-620 Series)	1
				Bracket (Lens Unit Ass'y)	十一
₿	_	34	PBMD4Z52	(KX-520 Series)	1
				Bracket (CCD Shield)	+-
B	_	35	PBMC4Z52	1	1
				(KX-520 Series only)	1
₿	-		PBMC5Z52	Bracket (Lamp Shield)	+-
B	-	37		Bracket (Light Interceptor)	4-
₿	-	38		Mirror	1
₿	-	39		Bracket (Lamp Socket)] :
B	-	40	PBMZA0001Z52	Reflector	1,
₿	-	41	PBUHA0001Z52		2,
			PBMZ2Z52	Lens Shield	١,

Re	f. No).	Part No.	Description	Q'ty
©	-	1	PBKM10Z-J	Printer Cover (Upper) A	1
©	-	2	PBKM11Z52	Printer Cover (Lower) △	1
©	-	3	PBUA4Z52	Chassis	1
©	_	4	PBMH1Z52	Bracket (Printer Head)	1
©	_	5	PQUS176Y52	Spring (Printer Head)	5
©		6	PQHD23Z52	Screw (Printer Head)	1
0		7	PBEZ2Y40	Printer Head Δ	1, a
0		8	PBMC1Z52	Shield Cover (Control Board)	1
			PBUA10Z52	Chassis (Right Ass'y)	1
0		9		Printer Door	1
0	-	10	PBKE1Z52-J		1
0	-	11	PBUA5Z52-J	Printer Chassis	-
0	-	12	PBUE4Z52-J	Cutter	1
0	-	13		Cutter Lever	1
©	-	14	PBHM1Z52	Bracket (Cutter)	1
©	-	15	PBDS2Z52	Spring (Cutter)	1
		40	DD110407E2	Bracket	
©	-	16	PBUC10Z52	(Printer Door (R) Ass'y)	1
©	-	17	PQDG5017Z52	Gear A	1
©		18	PQDG5018Z52	Gear B	1
0		19	PQDG5028Z52	Gear C	1
		10		Bracket	
©	-	20	PBUC2Z52	(Printer Door (L) Ass'y)	1
			DODAHO750		1
0	-	21	PQDN13Z52	Paper Feed Roller	
©		22		Bearings (1)	2
0		23		Bearings (2)	2
©	-	25	PBDS1Z52	Spring A (Printer Door)	1
0	-	26		Spring B (Printer Door)	1
©	-	27	PBUA11Z52	Chassis (Left Ass'y)	1
0	-	28	PF4248C51052	Paper Feed Motor ▲	1
0	-	29	PBBC1Z52	Printer Door Button	1
©		30	PBHR5Z52	Printer Door Lever	1
©		31	PBUB1Z52	Bracket (Stopper)	1
0	-	32	PBDS3Z52	Spring (Stopper)	1
		- 32	1 0003232	Control Panel Sheet △	+
©	-	33	PBGPA0026Z	(KX-B620 Series)	1
©	_	33	PBGP1Z52	Control Panel Sheet	1
L				(KX-B520 Series)	
©	_		PBUL8Z52	Bracket Reinforce	1
©	-	35	RW0CF79050Z	Washer	2
©	-	36	PBHM9Z52	Gear Cover Bracket	1
0	-	37	PBDS6Z52	Aid Lock Spring	1
			•		
0	-	1	PBKM8Z52-J	Tray (Upper) A	1
0			PBKM9Z52	Tray (Lower) △	1
0	- -		PBMCA0001Z52	Shield Base (PSU)	1, a
					1, a
0		4	L DIAICMONSTOS	Transformer (KX-B520, C, T)	1, 0
0	_	5	PBLT5M5W52		1, a
_				(KX-B620, C, T)	\Box
0	_	5	PBLT5M7W52	Transformer (KX-B520G, H, S)	1, a
				(KX-B620G, H)	
6			PBLT5M8W52	Transformer (KX-B520U, A)	1, a
0	-	5	LDF I DINIQAA 27	(KX-B620U, A)	1,19
(D)	_	6	KGLS-14RF	Locking Card Spacer	4, a
1.		7	KGPS-14RF	Card Spacer	1, a
(D)			EDS-1	Edging Saddle	1, a
0		Ω			<u> </u>
(D)		8			
	-	8			-
(D)	-			Puncket A (Duinter)	2
(E)	-	1	PBMD19Z52-J	Bracket A (Printer)	2
(D)	-	1	PBMD19Z52-J PBMD20Z52	Bracket A (Printer) Bracket B (Printer) Fixture A (Wall Mounting)	2 1 1

R	ef. No	ο.	Part No.	Description	Q'ty
(E)	-	4	PBMD18Y52	Fixture B (Wall Mounting)	1
E	-	5	PBYL6Y52-J	Stand Base Ass'y (L)	1
(E)	-	6	PBYL12Y52-J	Stand Base Ass'y (R)	1
(E)	-	7	PBYL8Y52	Panel Support	1
(E)	-	8	PBYL7Y52	Prop Upper Ass'y	2
(E)	-	10	PBYL9Z52	Tiptoe Extension 💥	4
(E)	-	11	PBKL4Z52	Tiptoe Cover 💥	4
€	-	15	P42TSM815B52	Caster (Lock)	2
Œ	-	16	P42TM815B52	Caster	2
Œ	-	17	PBHMA0001Z52	Bracket A	2
Œ	-	18	PBHMA0002Z52	Bracket B	2
			PBBYA0001Z52	Joint Bracket (For Packing)	1
			PBHPA0001Z52	Fold Up Roller	2

These components are used for KX-B06CS (Opsional Stand) only.

2. Screw and Other Parts

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Q'ty
200	XNT3EFX	Nut M3	
210	XUC4FY	E Ring M4	
220	MWSP4-20	Spacer M4	
230	RWPS7-025	Washer	
300	XTP3+8FXS	Screw M3 × 8	
310	XSN3+4FX	Screw M3 × 4	
320	XSS3+6FXS	Screw M3 × 6	
321	XSS3+12FYS	Screw M3 × 12	
330	XTN3+6FFX	Screw M3 × 6	
331	XTN3+10JFX	Screw M3 × 10	
332	XTN3+12JFX	Screw M3 × 12	
333	XTN3+14JFX	Screw M3 × 14	
340	XTS3+6FFX	Screw M3 × 6	
341	XTS3+12CFX	Screw M3 × 12	
350	XTW3+6LFX	Screw M3 × 6	
351	XTW3+8LFX	Screw M3 × 8	
352	XTW3+10SFX	Screw M3 × 10	
353	XTW3+W8SFX	Screw M3 × 8	
354	XTW3+10LFX	Screw M3 × 10	
355	XTW3+12SFX	Screw M3 × 12	
360	XXE3D5FPS	Screw M3 × 5	
370	XYN3+C5FX	Screw M3 × 5	
371	XYN3+C10FX	Screw M3 × 10	
372	XYN3+F6FX	Screw M3 × 6	
400	XSS4+8FXS	Screw M4 × 8	
410	XTB4+6FFY	Screw M4 × 6	
420	XTN4+12JFX	Screw M4 × 12	
430	XTT4+8FFY	Screw M4 × 8	
431	XTT4+10FFY	Screw M4 × 10	
432	XTT4+10JFX	Screw M4 × 10	
433	XTT4+18FFX	Screw M4 × 18	
440	XYN4+C8FX	Screw M4 × 8	
441	XYN4+F10FXS	Screw M4 × 10	
442	XYN4+F12FXS	Screw M4 × 12	
443	XYN4+F20FXS	Screw M4 × 20	
450	XVP4F6FX	Wing bolt M4 × 6	
500	XSN6+40FY	Screw M6 × 40	
510	XNA6DFY	Nut M6	
520	XVG8BF40FY	Screw M8 × 40	
530	XVG6BF20FY	Screw M6 × 20	
540	XSN6+20FYS	Screw M6 × 20	

3. Control Board

Ref. No.	Part No.		Q'ty
		Control PCB Ass'y (RTL)	_
© - 100	PBAPX12B52	(KX-B520, C)	1, <u>a</u>
		Control PCB Ass'y (RTL)	
© - 100	PBAPX12B52G	(KX-B520A, G, H, S, T, U)	1, a
	, 5, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11,	(KX-B620A, G, H, T, U)	_
R119,			-
R127 - 130	ERDS2TJ101	Resistor 100	5
R102 , 103			40
R132 - 139	ERDS2TJ102	Resistor 1k	10
R100 , 101			
R104 - 106	ERDS2TJ103	Resistor 10k	6
R120			
R121	ERDS2TJ122	Resistor 1.2k	1
R109 , 110	ERDS2TJ123	Resistor 12k	2
R111 , 112	ERDS2TJ153	Resistor 15k	4
R114 , 131			
R118	ERDS2TJ183	Resistor 18k	1
	ERDS2TJ221	Resistor 220	7
R113 , 116	ERDS2TJ273	Resistor 27k	4
R117 , 122			-
R115	ERDS2TJ332	Resistor 3.3k	1_0
	ERDS2TJ392	Resistor 3.9k	2
R123	ERDS2TJ470	Resistor 47	3
R124 - 126	ERDS2TJ472	Resistor 4.7k	3
70	711 5 472 1	Resistor Arry 4.7k	2
Z1 , Z2	Z11E472J Z8E472J	Resistor Arry 4.7k	1
Z3	2004723	Nesistor Arry 4.7k	<u> </u>
JP101	PPJJ-10M	Jumper (A4 only)	1
			<u> </u>
C114	ECCW1H050CC	Capacitor 5pF	1
C109 , 113	ECKW1H102KB	Capacitor 1000pF	3
C122			-
C101 , 103			
C105 , 107	1		
	1 5 6 6 77 1 17 10445	Capacitor 0.1 µ F	14
C110 , 112	1		14
C115 , 116			14
C115 , 116 C118 , 119			14
C115 , 116 C118 , 119 C123 — 126			
C115 , 116 C118 , 119 C123 — 126 C117 , 120		Capacitor 0.1 μ F	3
C115 , 116 C118 , 119 C123 — 126 C117 , 120 C121	RPE132F104	Capacitor 0.1 µ F	
C115 , 116 C118 , 119 C123 — 126 C117 , 120			3
C115 , 116 C118 , 119 C123 — 126 C117 , 120 C121 C111	RPE132F104 ECQP1472JZ ECEA0JU221	Capacitor 0.1 µ F Capacitor 4700pF	3
C115 , 116 C118 , 119 C123 - 126 C117 , 120 C121 C111 C100	RPE132F104 ECQP1472JZ ECEA0JU221 ECEA1CU221 ECEA1VU221	Capacitor 0.1 µ F Capacitor 4700pF Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 220 µ F	3 1 1 2 1
C115 , 116 C118 , 119 C123 - 126 C117 , 120 C121 C111 C100 C102 , 104	RPE132F104 ECQP1472JZ ECEA0JU221 ECEA1CU221	Capacitor 0.1 µ F Capacitor 4700pF Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 220 µ F	3 1 1 2
C115 , 116 C118 , 119 C123 - 126 C117 , 120 C121 C111 C100 C102 , 104 C106 C108	RPE132F104 ECQP1472JZ ECEA0JU221 ECEA1CU221 ECEA1VU221 ECEA1HU010	Capacitor 0.1 µ F Capacitor 4700pF Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 1 µ F	3 1 1 2 1 1 1
C115 , 116 C118 , 119 C123 - 126 C117 , 120 C121 C111 C100 C102 , 104 C106 C108	RPE132F104 ECQP1472JZ ECEA0JU221 ECEA1CU221 ECEA1VU221 ECEA1HU010 E-102RE	Capacitor 0.1 µ F Capacitor 4700pF Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 1 µ F Diode	3 1 1 2 1 1
C115 , 116 C118 , 119 C123 - 126 C117 , 120 C121 C111 C100 C102 , 104 C106 C108	RPE132F104 ECQP1472JZ ECEA0JU221 ECEA1CU221 ECEA1VU221 ECEA1HU010 E-102RE HZ5C2	Capacitor 0.1 µ F Capacitor 4700pF Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 1 µ F Diode Diode (Zener)	3 1 1 2 1 1 1
C115 , 116 C118 , 119 C123 - 126 C117 , 120 C121 C111 C100 C102 , 104 C106 C108	RPE132F104 ECQP1472JZ ECEA0JU221 ECEA1CU221 ECEA1VU221 ECEA1HU010 E-102RE HZ5C2	Capacitor 0.1 µ F Capacitor 4700pF Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 1 µ F Diode	3 1 1 2 1 1
C115 , 116 C118 , 119 C123 - 126 C117 , 120 C121 C111 C100 C102 , 104 C108 D100 ZD104 ZD100 - 103	RPE132F104 ECQP1472JZ ECEA0JU221 ECEA1CU221 ECEA1VU221 ECEA1HU010 E-102RE HZ5C2 HZ33-2	Capacitor 0.1 µ F Capacitor 4700pF Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 1 µ F Diode Diode (Zener) Diode (Zener)	3 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 4
C115 , 116 C118 , 119 C123 - 126 C117 , 120 C121 C111 C100 C102 , 104 C106 C108	RPE132F104 ECQP1472JZ ECEA0JU221 ECEA1CU221 ECEA1VU221 ECEA1HU010 E-102RE HZ5C2	Capacitor 0.1 µ F Capacitor 4700pF Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 1 µ F Diode Diode (Zener)	3 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1
C115 , 116 C118 , 119 C123 - 126 C117 , 120 C121 C111 C100 C102 , 104 C106 C108 D100 ZD104 ZD100 - 103 Q100	RPE132F104 ECQP1472JZ ECEA0JU221 ECEA1CU221 ECEA1VU221 ECEA1HU010 E-102RE HZ5C2 HZ33-2	Capacitor 0.1 µ F Capacitor 4700pF Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 1 µ F Diode Diode (Zener) Diode (Zener)	3 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 4
C115 , 116 C118 , 119 C123 - 126 C117 , 120 C121 C111 C100 C102 , 104 C106 C108 D100 ZD104 ZD100 - 103 Q100 IC106	RPE132F104 ECQP1472JZ ECEA0JU221 ECEA1CU221 ECEA1VU221 ECEA1HU010 E-102RE HZ5C2 HZ33-2 2SK369 HD7407P	Capacitor 0.1 µ F Capacitor 4700pF Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 1 µ F Diode Diode (Zener) Diode (Zener) Transistor	3 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 4
C115 , 116 C118 , 119 C123 - 126 C117 , 120 C121 C111 C100 C102 , 104 C106 C108 D100 ZD104 ZD100 - 103 Q100 IC106 IC109	RPE132F104 ECQP1472JZ ECEA0JU221 ECEA1CU221 ECEA1VU221 ECEA1HU010 E-102RE HZ5C2 HZ33-2 2SK369 HD7407P MN86151	Capacitor 0.1 µ F Capacitor 4700pF Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 1 µ F Diode Diode (Zener) Diode (Zener)	3 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 4 1 1 1
C115 , 116 C118 , 119 C123 - 126 C117 , 120 C121 C111 C100 C102 , 104 C106 C108 D100 ZD104 ZD100 - 103 Q100 IC106	RPE132F104 ECQP1472JZ ECEA0JU221 ECEA1CU221 ECEA1VU221 ECEA1HU010 E-102RE HZ5C2 HZ33-2 2SK369 HD7407P MN86151 MN53003QPQ	Capacitor 0.1 µ F Capacitor 4700pF Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 220 µ F Capacitor 1 µ F Diode Diode (Zener) Diode (Zener) Transistor IC (TTL Normal) IC (Shading Corrector)	3 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 4

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description		0'ty
IC108	NJM318D	IC (OP AMP)		1
IC107	MC14066BCP	IC (Analog SW)		1
IC101	PBM51953BL	IC (RESET)		1
IC102	PBM50727-750	IC (CPU)		1
X100	CST4.00MGW	Oscillator		1
	PAUX37802	Earth Terminal		1
FB1	PBB01	Beaded Core		1
CN6	в9в-хн	Connector		1
CN7	B7P-VH	Connector		1
CN8	ILS10P	Connector	Δ	1
CN9	PBJE3Y52	Motor Relay Cable		1, ε
CN10	B6B-XH	Connector	Δ	1
CN11	B2B-XH	Connector	Δ	1
CN12	P122BA05M	Connector	Δ	1
CN13	ILS9P	Connector	Δ	1
CN17	B4P-VH	Connector	Δ	1

4. CCD Board

7. 000 D		Ţ	-1
Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Q'ty
® - 100	PBAPX13B52	CCD PCB Ass'y (RTL) A	1, a
R202 , 203	ERDS2TJ102	Resistor 1k	2
R204	ERDS2TJ822	Resistor 8.2k	1
R200	ERDS2TJ123	Resistor 12k	1
R208	ERDS2TJ152	Resistor 1.5k	1
R206	ERDS2TJ153	Resistor 15k	1
R205	ERDS2TJ183	Resistor 18k	1
R201	ERDS2TJ330	Resistor 33	1
R207	ERDS2TJ332	Resistor 3.3k	1
VR201	DCAA03B53	Resistor 5k	1
C200 , 204	ECEA1CU470	Consister 47 II E	3
C209	ECENICU4/U	Capacitor 47 µ F	
C206	ECEA1CU101	Capacitor 100 µ F	1
C208	ECCW1H050CC	Capacitor 5pF	1
C205	ECFW1H103KB	Capacitor 0.01 µ F	1
C201 - 203	ECFW1H104ZF	Capacitor 0.1 µ F	5
C207 , 210	ECFWINIU4ZF	Capacitor 0.1 µ F	
IC201	UPD3575D	IC (CCD)	1
IC202	NJM318D	IC (OP AMP)	1
Q200	2SC1740S	Transistor	1
CN14	B9B-XH	Connector \triangle	1
4	PBHR24Z40	CCD Spacer	1

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

5. Operation Panel and Sensor Board

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Q'ty
a 101	DD 4 DV 14 D 52	Panel PCB Ass'y	1, a
© - 101	PBAPX14B52	(RTL) <u>A</u>	1,[0]
R301 , 302	ERDS2TJ271	Resistor 270	2
C300	RPE132F104	Capacitor 0.1 µ F	1
D300	LN220RP	LED (RED)	1
D301	LN320GP	LED (GREEN)	1
			-
SW300 , 301	EVQ-21405R	Switch	2
		Control to Cable Danal A	4 🗔
CN16	PBJE9Y52	Connector with Cable Panel A	1, a
A - 101	PBAPX15B52	Sensor PCB Ass'y (RTL) △	1, a
W - 101	1 5/11 /110505		
R400	ERDS2TJ151	Resistor 150	1
R403	ERDS2TJ472	Resistor 4.7k	1
R402	ERDS2TJ473	Resistor 47k	1
R401	ERDS2TJ563	Resistor 56k	1
C400	ECEA0JKA101	Capacitor 100 µ F	1
C401	RPE132F104	Capacitor 0.1 µ F	1
Q400	2SC1740S	Transistor	1_
IC400	0N2173-R	IC (Photo Sensor)	1
			_
CN16	B3B-XH	Connector with Cable Sensor A	1
			L

6. Main Board

Re	ef. N	lo.	Part No.	Description	Q'ty
(_	100	PBAPX16B52M	Power Supply PCB Ass'y (RTL) (KX-B520, C, T)	1, a
			* .	(KX-B620, C, T)	
				Power Supply PCB Ass'y	
0	-	100	PBAPX37B52G	(RTL) (KX-B520A, G, H, S, U)	1, a
				(KX-B620A, G, H, U)	
R3			MPC75005	Resistor 0.05	1
R2			ERD25TJ100	Resistor 10	1
R6			ERD25TJ102	Resistor 1k	1
R8			ERF5TJ100	Resistor 10	1
R4	,	5	ERD25TJ103	Resistor 10k	2
R7			ERD25TJ472	Resistor 4.7k	1
R9			ERD25TJ470	Resistor 47	1
R10	,	11	ERG2SJ152	Resistor 1.5k	2
R1			ERU5TAJ150	Resistor 15 🛆	1
C13		-	ECOS1JG472	Capacitor 4700 µ F	1
C17			ECEA1VU102	Capacitor 1000 µ F	1_
C14			ECEA1HGE010	Capacitor 1 µ F	1
C4			ECEA1VGE332	Capacitor 3300 µ F	1
C5	11.00		ECEA1VGE471	Capacitor 470 µ F	1
C6	,	7	ECEA1CGE471	Capacitor 470 µ F	2

C11	. No	•	Part No.	Description	u ty
040			ECEA0JGE221	Capacitor 220 µ F	1
CHU			ECEA1CGE101	Capacitor 100 µ F	1
		_		Capacitor220pF	
C1	,	2	ECKDRS221ME	(KX-B520, C, T) \triangle	2
				(KX-B620, C, T)	1.
-				Capacitor 2200pF	
~4		^	EOK D D COOME	1	2
C1	,	Z	ECKDRS222ME		-
				(KX-B620A, G, H, U)	
C15			ECQP1102JZ	Capacitor 1000pF	1
C8		9	¥4		
	•	9	ECFW1H104ZF	Capacitor 0.1 µ F	3
C12					
C23			ECQF4154J	Capacitor 0.15 µ F	1
C19			ECQV1H474	Capacitor 0.47 µ F	1
		04			2
C20	,	21		Capacitor 4700pF	+
C22			ECQE1104	Capacitor 0.1 µ F	1
				Capacitor 0.15 µ F	
C24			ECQU2A154M	(KX-B520, C, T)	1, a
C24			ECCOZA 104IVI	•	1,191
				(KX-B620, C, T)	
				Capacitor 0.22 µ F	
C24			ECQU2A224M	(KX-B520A, G, H, S, U)	1, a
U24			E O G O E M E E E E		۳,۱
				(KX-B620A, G, H, U)	1
C3			ECQU2A104M	Capacitor 0.1 µ F	. 1
C16	,	18	RPE132F104	Capacitor 0.1 µ F	2
 0.0			111 21021 101		
					+
IC3			STK733C	IC	1
IC4			NJM79M12FA	IC (Regulator)	1
IC2			NJM78MP5F	IC (Regulator)	1
					1
IC1			NJM78M12	IC (Regulator)	1
Q1	,	2	2SD1274C	Transistor	2
Q3	·		2SA673AC	Transistor	1
Q4			2SB1389	Transistor	1
D1		2	DSL10B-KC8	Diode	2
D3			RBV601	Diode	1, a
ZD1			GZB27C	Diode (Zener)	1
ZD2			MA1130MTA	Diode (Zener)	1
ZD3				/	
			RM26V1	Diode (Zener)	1 1
			RM26V1	Diode (Zener)	1
			·		
L1			FK060E1020	Coil A	
L1	,	3	FK060E1020		
L1 L2	,	3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y	Coil 🛆	1
L1	.,	3	FK060E1020	Coil 🛆	1 2
L1 L2 L4	,	3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X	Coil A	1 2 1
L1 L2	,	3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y	Coil 🛆	1 2
L1 L2 L4	-/	3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X	Coil A	1 2 1
L1 L2 L4	,	3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X PBLT6H1ZA	Coil Coil Transformer	1 1
L1 L2 L4		3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X	Coil Coil Transformer Fuse 250V 2A (KX-B520, C, T) A	1 2 1 1
L1 L2 L4	,	3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X PBLT6H1ZA	Coil Coil Transformer Fuse 250V 2A (KX-B520, C, T) & (KX-B620, C, T)	1 1
L1 L2 L4	,	3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X PBLT6H1ZA	Coil Coil Transformer Fuse 250V 2A (KX-B520, C, T) A	1 1
L1 L2 L4 T1	•	3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X PBLT6H1ZA PBXB239002Z4	Coil Coil Transformer Fuse 250 V 2A (KX-B520, C, T) A (KX-B620, C, T) Fuse 250 V 1A	1 1 1
L1 L2 L4		3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X PBLT6H1ZA	Coil	1 1 1
L1 L2 L4 T1	,	3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X PBLT6H1ZA PBXB239002Z4	Coil	1 1 1 1
L1 L2 L4 T1 F1		3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X PBLT6H1ZA PBXB239002Z4 PBXB215001Z4	Coil	1 1 1
L1 L2 L4 T1		3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X PBLT6H1ZA PBXB239002Z4	Coil Coil Transformer Fuse 250V 2A (KX-B520, C, T) (KX-B620, C, T) Fuse 250V 1A (KX-B520A, G, H, S, U) (KX-B620A, G, H, U) Fuse 125V 5A (KX-B520, C, T) A	1 1 1 1
L1 L2 L4 T1 F1		3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X PBLT6H1ZA PBXB239002Z4 PBXB215001Z4	Coil Coil Transformer Fuse 250V 2A (KX-B520, C, T) (KX-B620, C, T) Fuse 250V 1A (KX-B520A, G, H, S, U) (KX-B620A, G, H, U) Fuse 125V 5A (KX-B520, C, T) (KX-B620, C, T)	1 1 1
L1 L2 L4 T1 F1		3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X PBLT6H1ZA PBXB239002Z4 PBXB215001Z4 PBXB235005Z4	Coil Coil Coil Transformer Fuse 250V 2A (KX-B520, C, T) A (KX-B620, C, T) Fuse 250V 1A (KX-B520A, G, H, S, U) A (KX-B620A, G, H, U) Fuse 125V 5A (KX-B520, C, T) A (KX-B620, C, T) Fuse 250V 5A	1 1 1 1
L1 L2 L4 T1 F1		3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X PBLT6H1ZA PBXB239002Z4 PBXB215001Z4	Coil Coil Transformer Fuse 250V 2A (KX-B520, C, T) (KX-B620, C, T) Fuse 250V 1A (KX-B520A, G, H, S, U) (KX-B620A, G, H, U) Fuse 125V 5A (KX-B520, C, T) (KX-B620, C, T)	1 1 1 1
L1 L2 L4 T1 F1		3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X PBLT6H1ZA PBXB239002Z4 PBXB215001Z4 PBXB235005Z4	Coil Coil Coil Transformer Fuse 250V 2A (KX-B520, C, T) A (KX-B620, C, T) Fuse 250V 1A (KX-B620A, G, H, S, U) (KX-B620A, G, H, U) Fuse 125V 5A (KX-B520, C, T) Fuse 250V 5A (KX-B520A, G, H, S, U)	1 1 1 1
L1 L2 L4 T1 F1		3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X PBLT6H1ZA PBXB239002Z4 PBXB215001Z4 PBXB235005Z4	Coil Coil Coil Transformer Fuse 250V 2A (KX-B520, C, T) A (KX-B620, C, T) Fuse 250V 1A (KX-B620A, G, H, S, U) (KX-B620A, G, H, U) Fuse 125V 5A (KX-B520, C, T) (KX-B620, C, T) Fuse 250V 5A (KX-B520A, G, H, S, U) (KX-B620A, G, H, S, U) (KX-B620A, G, H, S, U)	1 1 1 1
L1 L2 L4 T1 F1 F1		3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X PBLT6H1ZA PBXB239002Z4 PBXB235005Z4 PBXB217005Z4	Coil Coil Coil Transformer Fuse 250V 2A (KX-B520, C, T) & (KX-B620, C, T) Fuse 250V 1A (KX-B520A, G, H, S, U) (KX-B620A, G, H, U) Fuse 125V 5A (KX-B520, C, T) & (KX-B620, C, T) Fuse 250V 5A (KX-B520A, G, H, S, U) & (KX-B520A, G, H, S, U) (KX-B620A, G, H, S, U) (KX-B620A, G, H, U) Fuse 250V 2A (KX-B520, C, T) &	1 1 1 1
L1 L2 L4 T1 F1		3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X PBLT6H1ZA PBXB239002Z4 PBXB215001Z4 PBXB235005Z4	Coil Coil Coil Transformer Fuse 250V 2A (KX-B520, C, T) A (KX-B620, C, T) Fuse 250V 1A (KX-B620A, G, H, S, U) (KX-B620A, G, H, U) Fuse 125V 5A (KX-B520, C, T) (KX-B620, C, T) Fuse 250V 5A (KX-B520A, G, H, S, U) (KX-B620A, G, H, S, U) (KX-B620A, G, H, S, U)	1 1 1 1 1
L1 L2 L4 T1 F1 F1		3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X PBLT6H1ZA PBXB239002Z4 PBXB235005Z4 PBXB217005Z4	Coil Coil Coil Transformer Fuse 250V 2A (KX-B520, C, T) & (KX-B620, C, T) Fuse 250V 1A (KX-B520A, G, H, S, U) (KX-B620A, G, H, U) Fuse 125V 5A (KX-B520, C, T) & (KX-B620, C, T) Fuse 250V 5A (KX-B520A, G, H, S, U) & (KX-B520A, G, H, S, U) (KX-B620A, G, H, S, U) (KX-B620A, G, H, U) Fuse 250V 2A (KX-B520, C, T) &	1 1 1 1 1
L1 L2 L4 T1 F1 F1 F2 F2		3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X PBLT6H1ZA PBXB239002Z4 PBXB235005Z4 PBXB217005Z4 PBXB235002Z4	Coil Coil Coil Transformer Fuse 250V 2A (KX-B520, C, T) & (KX-B620, C, T) Fuse 250V 1A (KX-B520A, G, H, S, U) & (KX-B620, C, T) Fuse 125V 5A (KX-B520, C, T) & (KX-B620, C, T) Fuse 250V 5A (KX-B520A, G, H, S, U) & (KX-B520A, G, H, U) Fuse 250V 2A (KX-B520, C, T) & (KX-B620A, G, H, U) Fuse 250V 2A (KX-B520, C, T) & (KX-B620A, C, T) Fuse 250V 2A	1 1 1 1 1 1
L1 L2 L4 T1 F1 F1	,	3	FK060E1020 SK12M5Y SK21BS060X PBLT6H1ZA PBXB239002Z4 PBXB235005Z4 PBXB217005Z4	Coil Coil Coil Transformer Fuse 250V 2A (KX-B520, C, T) & (KX-B620, C, T) Fuse 250V 1A (KX-B520A, G, H, S, U) (KX-B620A, G, H, U) Fuse 125V 5A (KX-B520, C, T) & (KX-B620, C, T) Fuse 250V 5A (KX-B520A, G, H, S, U) (KX-B620A, G, H, U) Fuse 250V 2A (KX-B520, C, T) & (KX-B620, C, T)	1 1 1 1 1 1

Q'ty

Description

Ref. No.

Part No.

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description		Q'ty
ZNR1	C10DK271U	Varistor (KX-B520, C, T)	Δ	1
ZIVITI	C10DR2710	(KX-B620, C, T)		
		Varistor		
ZNR1	C10DK431U	(KX-B520A, G, H, S, U)	Δ	1
		(KX-B620A, G, H, U)		
1	PBAGA0001ZA	Heatsink A (IC)		1, a
2	TJC6320	Fuse Holder	Δ	6, a
	PBMY4Z52	Heatsink (D3)		1
FG	PBJE27Z40	Cable FG	Δ	1
CN1	B2P3S-VH	Connector	Δ	1, a
CN2	B2P3-VH	Connector	Δ	1
CN3	B4P-VH	Connector	Δ	1
CN4	PBJE7YA	Connector with Cable	Δ	1, a
CN5	PBJE5YA	Cable	Δ	1, a
	TKK179484	Ground Terminal		1

8. Packing Parts

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Q'ty
 	PBPGA0085Z	Carton (KX-B620 Series)	1
·····	DDD040007	Carton	4
	PBPGA0009Z	(KX-B520/A/C/H/S/T/U)	1
	PBPGA0010Z	Carton (KX-B520G)	1
		Bottom Carton	
	PBPGA0084Z	(KX-B620 Series)	1
		Bottom Carton	
	PBPGA0007Z	(KX-B520 Series)	1
	HP-460WS	Speed Clip (KX-B620 Series)	6
	HP-601W	Speed Clip (KX-B520 Series)	6
		Cushion (upper left)	
	PBPQA0038Z	(KX-B620 Series)	1
		Cushion (upper left)	
	PBPQA0004Z	(KX-B520 Series)	1
		Cushion (upper center)	
	PBPQA0040Z	(KX-B620 Series)	1
	PBPQA0006Z	Cushion (upper center)	
			1
		(KX-B520 Series)	
	PBPQA0039Z	Cushion (upper right)	1
		(KX-B620 Series)	
	PBPQA0003Z	Cushion (upper right)	1
		(KX-B520 Series)	
	PBPQA0036Z	Cushion (lower left)	1
		(KX-B620 Series)	
	PBPQA0002Z	Cushion (lower left)	1
	PBPQA0037Z PBPQA0001Z PBPPA0007Z XZB98X126A4	(KX-B520 Series)	
		Cushion (lower right)	1
		(KX-B620 Series)	
		Cushion (lower right)	1
		(KX-B520 Series)	
		Cover for the unit	1
		(KX-B620 Series)	
		Cover for the unit	1
		(KX-B520 Series)	
	PBPQA0005Z	Cushion for the unit	2
	XZB13X30A04	Poly Bag for Cushion	3
	XZB42X90A04	Poly Bag for Printer	1
	ZKS3XB5200Z	Cushion Bag for Accessories	1
	PBPEA0008Z	Frame Cover Cushion Sheet	3
		(KX-B620 Series only)	
	XZB25X40A40	Poly Bag	1
	WZ0XB50EAC0	Eraser	1
	MQ0XB55EAC0	Marker Set	1
	PBHP5Z	Copy Paper	1
	PBQX50060Z	Operation Manual	
		(U.S.A. version)	1
	PBQX50061Z	Operation Manual	
		(other version)	1
	PBQX50062Z	Installation Manual	1
		Note for Fastener Attachment	
PBQX4Z	PBQX4Z	(U.S.A. version only)	1
	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

7.Cable

R	ef. N	Vo.	Part No.	Description	Q'ty
(A)	-	110	PBJE17Z52	Core with Terminal	1
		440		Cable (CCD Sensor)	1
	110	PBJEA0165Z	(KX-B620 Series)	'	
® - 11	440	PBJE6Y52	Cable (CCD Sensor)	1,a	
	110		(KX-B520 Series)		
A - 1	444	PBJEA0164Z	Cable (Home Position Sensor)	1	
	111		(KX-B620 Series) △		
	111	PBJE10Y52	Cable (Home Position Sensor)	1,a	
	111		(KX-B520 Series) △		
B - 11:	112	PBJEA0163Z	Cable (Fluorescent Lamp Socket)	1	
	112		(KX-B620 Series) △		
B - 112	112	PBJE12Y52	Cable (Fluorescent Lamp Socket)	1	
	112		(KX-B520 Series) △		
₿	-	120	FL35SS-D	Fluorescent Lamp A	1
0	-	110	PBJE1Y52	Cable (CN6-CCD Sensor Cable	1,a
0	-	113		<u> </u>	1,0
©	-	111	PBJE2Y52	Cable (Printer Head Power) A	1
0	-	113	PBJE4Y52	Cable (Printer Head Signal) A	1
0	-	115	PBJE11Z52	Cable (Paper End Sensor) A	1
© -	116	PBWA1Y52	Power Supply Cord Ass'y A	1,a	
			(For U. S. A.)		
© - 1	147	117 PBWA2Y52	Power Supply Cord Ass'y A	1,a	
	117		(For Germany)		
© -	110	PBWA5X52	Power Supply Cord Ass'y A	1, a	
		118	FDW A3A3Z	(For Hong Kong)	1,0
© -	440	PBWA4Y52	Power Supply Cord Ass'y A	1, a	
	_	- 119	P B W A4 Y 52	(For England)	1,0
© -		- 120	PBWA6Y52	Power Supply Cord Ass'y A	1,a
				(For Australia, New Zealand)	
©		- 121	PBWA7Y52	Power Supply Cord Ass'y	1,a
	_			(For Switzerland)	